The Daily Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME 48. WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, JULY 31, 1833. NUMBER 92.

Edited and Published by Neville B. Craig, near the South West corner of the Diamond—at $6 per annum, in advance. ☞The Gazette is also published weekly, (on an elephant sheet,) at $2 per annum, in advance; or, $3 at the end of the year.—No paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid. ☞Advertisements published on liberal terms.

JUST RECEIVED

And for Sale by ALEX. BAILIE, corner of Market and Third streets,

OLD L. P. MADEIRA, in bottles and on draught;
Pale Sherry, Lobo Brand;
Brown do. very rich;
Golden do. do.;
Grape Juice Port, very rich;
Old L. P. Teneriffe;
Old Cette Madeira;
Lisbon, very superior;
Malmsey Madeira, very rich;
Champagne, celebrated Anchor Brand;
Claret, Leo Ville, and St. Julian, very superior;
Old Hock, 1811;
Sauterne, very fine;
Also, Superior Old Virgin and Champagne Brandy;
Holland Gin, Old and Genuine;
Jamaica Spirits;
All of which are offered at reduced prices--apply as above. May 14----tf

CITY DISPENSARY,

Physicians' Prescription, and FAMILY MEDICINE STORE,

S. E. corner of the Diamond and Market street, PITTSBURGH.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of Pittsburgh and vicinity, that the above establishment is now in complete operation.

Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Medicines will be carefully prepared, and put up with accuracy and despatch, at all hours, day and night.

The subscribers flatter themselves, from their knowledge in the Prescription and Apothecary Business, that they will be enabled to render general satisfaction. Their medicines have been selected with great care, and will at all times be subject to the inspection of the Physicians of the city.

J. B. COCHRAN,
THOMAS MILLER,

Acting Partner of the late firm of Thompson & Miller.

N. B.—The Dispensary will be accessible on Sundays. March 15—tf

JOHNSTON & STOCKTON,

Booksellers, Printers,

Book-Binders and Paper Manufacturers.

No. 37, Market Street, Pittsburgh

march 14.—tf.

TO BOTTLERS.

PORTER, Pint Porter, and Claret Bottles—received on consignment, and for sale, by the gross at No. 81, Wood street, or dozen, by

THOMPSON & SCOTT.

☞N. B.—A lot of second hand Oil and Alcohol Barrels, for sale very low.

May 14, 1833.

FAMILY FLOUR,

CONSTANTLY kept for sale by CASSAT, HUTCHISON & LEDLIE, No. 8, Market street.

march 8, 1833.

5000 LBS. COTTON YARN, No. 5 *a* 10;
600 lbs. Candlewick;
Carded Cotton;
Carpet Yarn and Coverlet Yarn.
Sattinet Warps.

For sale by GEO. COCHRAN, of R'd,
January 29, 1833. No. 26 Wood street.

For Sale,

DRAFTS on Wheeling, Cincinnati, and Louisville, at par, payable at sight.

GEORGE A. COOK,
Exchange Broker, No. 48, Wood street,
Pittsburgh. March 12.

COOK'S REGISTER *and Lottery and Exchange Telegraph* is published semi-monthly, at one dollar per annum.

Contents—Bank Note Table of the Rates of Exchange at Pittsburgh; a copious description of the altered and counterfeit Bank Notes that are in circulation in the west; a list of Broken Banks; prices of Gold, Stocks, &c. Subscriptions received at GEORGE A. COOK'S Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

October 21, 1831.—tf

Saddlers' Tacks and Sparables.

60 BOXES assorted sizes, received from the manufacturer, and for sale at *eastern prices*, by JAMES IRWIN,
Corner of Market and Water streets.

April 19, 1833---tf

STONE'S Letters on Masonry and Anti-Masonry—Just received and for sale at

S. J. SYLVESTER'S,
April 9. Corner of Wood and Third streets.

OFFICE for the purchase and sale of Gold, Silver, Notes, Bills of Exchange, Stocks, &c.; No. 68 WOOD STREET. Western, and every description of Bank Note Paper, purchased at a low rate of discount.

WANTED,

Doubloons, Sovereigns, Guineas, Napoleons, Thalers, Eagles, Louisd'ors, Bank of England Notes, at high premiums.

6 per cent. allowed on Special Deposits, in sums not less than $100, to remain 30 days or more. Drafts and Notes of hand collected.

GEO. A: COOK, Exchange Broker.

April 9, 1833.

HERBS.

AN assortment of carefully dried Medicinal and Culinary Herbs; put up in the neatest manner by the Shakers, among which are Lemon Balm, Hoarhound, Catnep, Peppermint, Spearmint, Pennyroyal, Rue, Sage, Tanzey, Summer Savory, Thoroughmost Hyssop, Sweet Marjorum, Wormwood, Digitalis, Lobelia, Inflata, Slippery m Bark, &c. &c. Just received and for sale by

H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co.,
Corner of Fifth and Market streets.

pril 23—tf

REMOVAL.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF PAPER AND PAPER HANGINGS, have removed their Store from the corner of Third and Wood Streets to No. 80 Front Street, between Market and Wood Streets, where they continne to keep on hand a General Assortment of

Writing, Wrapping, Printing, and Wall

PAPER.

☞Paper of all sizes and descriptions made to order, at the shortest notice.

☞They will also continue to keep on hand a supply of SCHOOL BOOKS, suitable for Country Merchants.

☞The highest market price will always be given for Rags, Tanners' Scraps, and Scutching Tow.

May 28, 1833.—tf

J. CHISLETT, PORTRAIT PAINTER,

Penn Street, Corner of Garrison Alley,

PITTSBURGH.

J. C. takes this opportunity of soliciting the patronage of the inhabitants of Pittsburgh, and would be happy to show his specimens to those who may favor him with a call.

May 3—tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE Subscribers, having associated themselves together, under the firm of

Darlington & Peebles,

(Late B. Darlington) as Wholesale Dealers in FOREIGN & DOMESTIC HARDWARE,

No. 51 Market, between 3d & 4th streets,

Where they now have, and are receiving a general and splendid assortment of Cutlery, Plated and Tinned Saddlery, Plated Castors, do. Candle Sticks, Waiters, Snuffers and Trays, Shovels and Tongs, Astral, Stand, and Hanging Lamps, Hair Cloth for Sofas; together with all kinds of Birmingham goods, viz: Anvils, Vices, Steel, Mill & Cross Cut Saws, Shovels, Spades, and Axes. All which they offer on the most accommodating terms. Merchants and others are invited to call and examine.

ALSO,

A well selected assortment of Edge Tools,
BENCH AND MOULDING PLANES.

B. DARLINGTON,
ROBERT H. PEEBLES.

N. B. All those that are indebted to B. Darlington, either by Note or Book Account, will please call and settle, with as little delay as possible, and those having claims will present them for settlement.

B. DARLINGTON.

Nov. 20, 1832.---tf.

GEO. W. CARPENTER'S

COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA,

A Valuable Remedy for Syphilis, Mercurial, and Scrophulous Diseases.

TWO Table Spoons full of the Fluid Extract, added to fifteen ounces of Simple Syrup, immediately produces a mixture similar to a pound of the Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla, and the same quantity added to fifteen ounces of water, instantly forms a mixture equivalent to a pint of Lisbon Diet Drink.

ALSO,

GEORGE W. CARPENTER'S

Compound Fluid Extract of Buchu,

For Diseases of the Bladder, Chronic Gonorrhoea, and Gleets of long standing.

For Sale at H. P. SCHWARTZ & CO's Drug Store, No. 42 Market street.

December 4, 1832.—tf

A. LAMONT & Co's Patent Vices:
Fullers' Screws:
Timber Wheel, do.:
Mill, do.:
Mill Spindles:
Blanchard's Cast Steel Corn & Grass Scythes:
Do. German do. do.
Thompson's Sickles—on hand and for sale by

JAMES IRWIN,
Corner of Market & Water sts.

March 29—tf

LAW NOTICE.

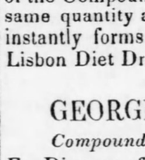
THE Subscribers, having associated in the PRACTICE OF THE LAW, will attend to the duties of their Profession in the county of Allegheny and the adjacent counties. Their Office is in the house recently occupied by T. B. Dallas, Esq., in Liberty street, and opposite to Fifth street, where they may, at all times, be consulted on professional business.

JOHN D. MAHON,
WILLIAM W. IRWIN.

June 4, 1833—tf

NOTICE.

CHRIS'R MAGEE having taken his nephew, C. L. MAGEE, into partnership, the public are respectfully informed that the business heretofore conducted by him will be continued under the firm of C. & C. L. MAGEE, at the old stand, No. 40 Market street, between Second and Third streets, where they will keep a constant supply of HATS, of the first rate workmanship, and of the newest fashion, which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms.



CHRIS'R MAGEE,
C. L. MAGEE.

Pittsburgh, may 10, 1831---tf

Bibliotheque Choisie de Litterature Francais.

SELECT Library of Modern French Literature.—No. 1 contains "Les Ecorcheurs ou L'usurpation et La Peste, Fragmens Historiques —1418—Par M. Le Vicomte D'Arlincourt."

The above work is published semi monthly—each number contains 60 pages closely printed. Price six dollars per annum, or five paid in advance. Apply to JOHN I. KAY & Co.,
Booksellers, No. 44 Market street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh. July 23—tf.

Commission and Forwarding Business,
AND GENERAL AGENCY.

THE Subscribers have entered into partnership for the transaction of the above business, at Louisville, in Kentucky.

WILLIAM SRODES,
LEANDER CLARKE.

June 18, 1833—3m

New Stourbridge Glass Works.

J. ROBINSON & SON,

GRATEFUL for the very liberal patronage they have heretofore received, beg leave to inform their friends and the public, that they have considerably reduced the prices of their Glass.—They still continue to manufacture all kinds of

FLINT GLASS WARE,

AT THEIR OLD STAND,

No. 10, Corner of Ross and Second streets,

where all orders in their line will meet with immediate attention.

A large and general assortment will be kept constantly on hand. Orders can be filled at the shortest notice.

N. B. Terms will be found as low as at any other manufactory in the western country.

Pittsburgh, March 8.—tf.

BOOKS LOST!

5 VOLUMES of Niles' Register, to wit—16, 18, 22, 23, and 26th volumes.

Also, a number of LAW BOOKS.

☞ Persons who have any of them, are requested to return them to the office of the subscriber.

W. W. FETTERMAN.

June 4, 1833.

REMOVAL.

TASSEY & CHURCH

HAVE Removed to the extensive Ware-Houses, Numbers 108 and 110, Second, between Wood and Smithfield streets, lately occupied by Messrs. Cochran & Irwin, where they intend keeping constantly on hands, a full supply of all articles in the

GROCERY LINE,

TOGETHER WITH AN ASSORTMENT OF

JUNIATA IRON AND NAILS, COPPER, TIN PLATE, AND WIRE.

Feb. 12, 1833.—tf

FOR SALE,

A VERY ELIGIBLE PIECE OF GROUND upon Market street, in the city of Pittsburgh, between Second and Third streets, now occupied by H. Ward, containing, in Front, on Market street, thirty-two, and extending back sixty feet.—For terms, inquire of JOHN HORNER.

Feb. 28, 1832.--tf

30 CASKS superior Sugar-house Molasses;
400 Missouri Hides;
10 quarter Casks Malaga Wine;
20 hhds. N. O. Sugar;
50 boxes smoked Herring;
100 do. Cincinnati Soap;

Received by late arrivals, and for sale by

H. MAC SHANE,
Feb. 14----tf. 76 Front street.

JOHN D. MAHON,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

FROM CARLISLE, Pa.

HAVING removed to Pittsburgh, will attend to the business of his Profession, in the several Courts of Allegheny and the adjacent Counties. ☞ Office, No. 44 Fourth street, near Market. Pittsburgh, Nov. 6.---tf

TO RENT,

10 FRAME HOUSES—pleasantly situated in the village of Croghansville. Possession can be given immediately; rent very low.

Apply to JAMES BLAKELY,
May 24---tf Bayardstown.

VALUABLE LAW LIBRARY.

THE Gentlemen of the Bar are respectfully informed that we have lately received, on consignment, an extensive Law Library, among which are some very valuable Reports. We are instructed to sell the books at the lowest prices.

JOHN I. KAY & Co.,
44 Market street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh.
April 19---tf

FOR RENT,

A FIRST Rate Wagon Tavern Stand. Also, for Rent, several Business Stands, situated in the most public parts of the city. For terms, inquire of DAVID GREER,
Jan. 15, 1833. *Lumber Merchant.*

LEADEN PIPE.

I HAVE commenced the manufacture of LEADEN PIPE, and will furnish and lay the same, at the most reasonable rate. Any quantity required, warranted to be of the best quality, will be furnished at the shortest notice. JOHN SHERIFF.

Nov. 28, 1828.—tf.

Jefferson Foundry.

THE UNDERSIGNED most respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have commenced the Iron Foundry Business, on the premises, Front street, (between Smithfield and Grant streets,) known as the Jefferson Foundry, where all orders will be received for Castings, Land or Boat Steam Engines, Machinery, &c., and will be executed with punctuality, and on the most reasonable terms.

SAM'L SMITH,
BENJ. MINIS.

may 4, 1832---tf

Compound Chlorine Tooth Wash

THE Compound Chlorine Tooth Wash effectually cleanses the teeth and mouth, speedily removes all canker or soreness; likewise, the smell or taste from the use of tobacco, and all that is offensive in the breath; in fine, it preserves the teeth and mouth, in all respects, in a clean and healthy condition. For sale at

H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co's
Drug Store, Corner of Fifth and Market street.

Wanted,

SEVERAL Sums of Money on Mortgage, on good property in the City of Pittsburgh. Persons wishing to invest, will please apply to

GEORGE A. COOK,
Exchange Broker, Pittsburgh.

March 12, 1833.

TO PRINTERS.

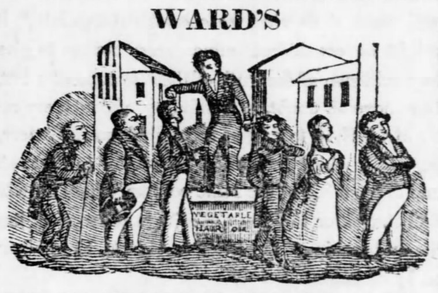
JUST received, one Case of BLANK CARDS—assorted Numbers—for sale cheap by S. J. SYLVESTER, Corner of Wood and Third st's.

May 3, 1833.

Wall Paper and Velvet Borderings.

RECEIVED, this day, a large assortment—embracing the latest eastern patterns, some of which are very elegant—call and examine them, at S. J. SYLVESTER'S,
Corner of Third and Wood streets, late H. Holdship & Son. April 5.

WARD'S



VEGETABLE HAIR OIL.

IN all ages of the world, a beautiful head of hair has been considered the greatest ornament ever bestowed by nature upon the human frame, and indispensably necessary to the perfection of personal beauty. It is a very general complaint of young persons, that their hair is falling off, becoming dry, or unhealthy; this may be owing to the application of improper and injurious oils, or to the entire neglect of the hair. Without proper attention, diseases of the hair will arise, which are often found to occasion thinness, falling off, and frequently total baldness. For these evils, and the necessary inconveniences attending them, Ward's Vegetable Hair Oil will be found in all cases a sure remedy. Before offering this Oil to the public it had been tried in hundreds of cases of baldness, thinness and falling off of the hair, and in every instance its salutary effects have been realized to admiration. It has never failed to produce a new and beautiful growth of hair on heads already bald, and to check that falling off which so often occurs. In cases where it becomes dry and ceases to grow, this Oil will very soon render it healthy, and produce a rapid and beautiful growth, without the least injury to the most delicate head; nor does any falling off follow after using it. That loss of hair, which so often takes place after sickness, may be easily prevented by using this celebrated Oil. In short no Oil has ever been offered to the public that gives such universal satisfaction, and stands the test of experience like Ward's Vegetable Hair Oil.

That the public may rest assured of the salutary effects of this Oil, the following testimonials, from gentlemen of high respectability, are most respectfully submitted:—

Extract of a letter from John A. Wadsworth, M. D., of the city of Providence, R. I. to W. & L. Krumbhaar & Co., of Philadelphia.

Gentlemen: Dr. Ward's Vegetable Hair Oil has gained great repute with us, having restored Hair on heads that have been bald for years, and I have no doubt it will give satisfaction wherever it may be introduced.

Very respectfully,
JOHN A. WADSWORTH.

Messrs. STANLEY & Co., of Baltimore, in writing to Mr. HUNTON, Druggist, in Washington City, say, 'That Letters to them from Druggists in Boston, describe *Ward's Hair Oil* as being highly approved of there, and selling with astonishing rapidity.

Extract of a letter from Harvey Seymour, Druggist, Hartford, Ct., to the Proprietor, dated Hartford, Sept. 14, 1832.

Dear Sir: I find your Hair Oil a valuable article; I was so unfortunate as to lose the Hair from the top of my head, and, from the use of about half a bottle, I find it starting out anew.

HARVEY SEYMOUR.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27, 1832.

Dr. WARD—*Dear Sir:* Your Hair Oil, you were good enough to put into my hands when I was in Lowell, has produced the most wonderful effects on my Hair that I ever witnessed. You recollect when I called on you, my Hair had fallen very much, and I was quite bald; I have now a beautiful head of Hair, coming on very rapidly. I hardly know how to express my gratitude to you for the benefit the Oil has afforded me. A number of my friends are very anxious to obtain some of the Oil, and I wish you to send me one dozen bottles of the largest size immediately.

Yours, respectfully,
C. WOOD, M. D.

Extract of a letter from Dr. John A. Wadsworth, of Providence, to the Proprietor.

Esteemed Friend: Your Hair Oil is attended with very promising effects. One of our most respectable citizens, who had been bald for ten years, with a skin as smooth and free from hair as the palm of his hand, has been using the Oil, and fine hair is now coming out on every part of the previously bald scalp.

Yours, respectfully,
JOHN A. WADSWORTH.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1, 1832.

I certify that about fifteen years ago, my hair began to fall off, and in a few years became so thin that I found it a source of great inconvenience. On seeing Ward's Vegetable Hair Oil advertised in several New York papers, and highly recommended by two medical gentlemen, with whom I was acquainted, I was induced to make trial of it. When I commenced the use of it, I very much doubted its efficacy in my case, having been bald so many years. But I had not tried it long, before I found it to possess the properties which had been attributed to it. I have now as good and healthy a head of hair as I had twenty five years ago. I can cheerfully recommend it to others who have had the misfortune to lose their hair.

G. W. CUNNINGHAM.

BOSTON, Nov 3, 1832.

Dr. WARD—Sir: A friend of mine had a bottle of your Hair Oil put into his hand, and using it a short time, the hair began to grow on his head, which was before bald; and he had tried many other remedies in vain.

Yours, respectfully,
C. E. ALLEN.

☞ For sale by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & Co., corner of Sixth and Wood streets, and H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co., corner of Fifth and Market streets, Pittsburgh.

April 30---tf.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON

HAVE removed their assortment of WALL PAPERS AND BORDERS, to their Paper Hangings Manufactory, on Ross street, near the Monongahela River, where purchasers will please call. March 22.—tf.

REMOVAL.

H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co.

DRUGGISTS,

HAVE removed to the corner of Fifth and Market streets, where a general assortment of **Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Dyestuffs, &c.&c.** will be constantly kept on hand, and which they offer, wholesale or retail, on the most reasonable terms. April 23—tf

TO RENT,

THE Splendid Store House, at present occupied by *S. J. Sylvester*, corner of Fourth and Wood streets. Possession given on 1st April. For terms, enquire of Dr. E. Hale, Allen Kramer, S. P. Darlington, or

WM. ROBINSON.

January 29, 1833.—tf

TO BE LET,

THE *Centre Building* in the range of Four Story Brick Houses recently erected on Market street, between 4th street and the Diamond. Possession will be given on the first day of January. For terms, apply to the subscriber, or in his absence, to Mr. James B. Irwin.

WILLIAM W. IRWIN.

November 22, 1832.—tf

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

THE Copartnership heretofore existing between ALFRED COCHRAN & JAS. IRWIN, trading under the title of Cochran & Irwin, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by James Irwin.

ALFRED COCHRAN,
JAMES IRWIN.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 1, 1833. [Jan. 18--tf.]

FRESH DRUGS, &C.

WILLIAM MITCHELTREE & SON, *No. 162, Liberty street, opposite Sixth street,* have recently received from Philadelphia and Baltimore, a fresh supply of DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c., which they will sell, wholesale and retail, at reduced prices.

☞They have also for sale, Dye staffs, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paint Brushes, &c.

July 5, 1833.---sw1m&w6m.

PAPER MANUFACTORY.

THE Subscribers, having associated under the firm of C. LUKENS & Co., beg leave to inform their friends and the public in general, that they have a Soft Spring Paper Mill in successful operation, three miles from the city of Pittsburgh, where, from the excellence of the situation, which is high, with a free circulation of air, and sufficiently removed from the murky atmosphere of the city, and the long experience of two of the undersigned (Lysle & Tilton) in the manufacturing of Paper, they feel confident of offering to the public Paper not inferior to any made in the western country. The subscribers have a Paper Warehouse, at No. 134 Liberty street, near St. Clair street, where will be always kept on hand,

A Large and General Assortment of

PAPERS,

Which will be offered at very reasonable prices.

☞ Orders from the country, or elsewhere, thankfully received, and punctually attended to.

Rags, Scraps, &c. purchased at the highest prices, if delivered at the Warehouse, in Liberty street, or at the Paper Mill, near Lawrenceville.

G. LYSLE,
M. TILTON,
C. LUKENS.

June 25, 1833—tf

WANTED,

20 SHARES of Stock of the old Bank of Pittsburgh, for which $55 per share will be given. Apply to

GEORGE A. COOK,
Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street.

May 24, 1833.

NOTICE TO HATTERS.

THE Subscriber has the pleasure to inform the public that his establishment has been rebuilt, and that he is now prepared to manufacture *HAT BODIES, on an Improved Plan,* Which, he confidently believes, will give satisfaction to all who may try them.

Said Factory is situated on Water street, in the Northern Liberties of Pittsburgh, a few rods above the Canal, and adjoining the Foundry of M'Clurg, Pratt & Co.

The price for forming and hardening is *eleven dollars* per hundred.

Wool will be taken in payment: Bodies, of our native Wool, kept constantly on hand, for sale.

D. P. INGERSOLL.

☞ The other papers of the city, and the Wheeling Gazette, will please insert the above three times. June 11, 1833—tf

CITY BATHS.

J. B. VASHON has the pleasure to inform the Citizens of Pittsburgh, and Visitors here, that his

CITY BATHS,

In Third street, between Market and Ferry streets,

Are now prepared, *in the first rate Style,* for the use of all who may be disposed to enjoy the luxury of bathing.

☞ He takes this opportunity to invite the patronage of the Public, and is determined to merit their favor, by the strictest attention to their comfort and gratification.

May 21—3m

BOARD OF HEALTH.

AGREEABLY to the 4th section of the Ordinance for Sanitary Purposes, the following gentlemen, on its reorganization, will constitute the Board of Health for the month of July, viz:

Samuel Pettigrew, *Mayor.*
E. Pentland, *Recorder.*
J. Young,
C. Von Bonnhorst, } *Aldermen.*
Robert Christy,
Walter Forward, } *Select Council.*
John B. Butler,
S. P. Darlington,
C. Darragh, } *Common Council.*
Joseph Coltart,

The Board will meet three times in every week, and oftener, should the cholera or any emergency require it. July 12, 1833—tm

DAILY PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, JULY 31, 1833.

☞Morning's Mail.—Papers by the morning's mail were entirely barren of news.

The Pennsylvania Advocate.—We received yesterday's Advocate at too late an hour to reply to the remarks of its editor, in our paper of that day, as fully as we could wish; we therefore concluded to defer that reply until this day.—There is much in the editorial paragraph of our neighbor which is liable to remark. The ill natured personalities as to our strictures upon the posthumous calumniator, *Thomas Jefferson*, we consider as neither deserving nor needing a reply. His coupling us with Mr. Simpson, gives us no uneasiness. We have lived a long time in Pittsburgh, and have never asked for any favor or affection, in the scrutiny of our character. Indeed, as the best evidence that we need no certificate to sustain our statements, we will merely cite the declaration of the editor of the Advocate, in the very article which we are now noticing. The knowledge which he has obtained of our character, in his eleven months' residence here, compels him to say "we take it for granted that this editor (of Pittsburgh Gazette) *never* asserts what he cannot substantiate." We feel grateful even for this *reluctant* act of justice, coupled as it is with his slang about "hyenas" and "other animals" that feed upon dead bodies—it is manifest that it was no voluntary tribute.

We have not asserted that Mr. Duane had calumniated Washington, we merely gave an extract from Stephen Simpson's book, in which Duane is ranked among the calumniators of the Father of his country, and added, that "this does not seem to correspond with a statement made by the editor of the Pennsylvania Advocate." We expressed no opinion as to which statement was true—we charitably supposed, or rather hoped, that the youthful mind and heart of our neighbor had not been corrupted, and debased by an intimacy with all the secret transactions of Bache's office. If the editor of the Advocate should now venture to claim a knowledge of all those secrets, we would consider it as a foul stain upon his reputation.—We have not a file of the Aurora, and cannot examine it, and have no desire to interfere, as an umpire, between Messrs. Simpson and Wilson.

The editor of the Advocate says—

"It is true, that the senior editor of this paper was young, when he went to learn the printing business in the office of Benjamin Franklin Bache, and may not have learnt the secrets which the editor of the Gazette speaks of—but, as that editor characterises that office as a "workshop of falsehoods and calumnies," he would probably somewhat accommodate his readers, and certainly oblige us, if he would take the trouble to point out a few of those "falsehoods and calumnies."

We have not got a file of Bache's paper, and therefore, cannot give the extracts which our neighbor asks for, but we can furnish evidence upon this subject which he will *probably* think sufficient, and which most of our readers will consider abundantly strong and conclusive.

In 1793, previous to the arrival of Genet, in this country, Washington propounded a series of queries to the members of his cabinet, with a view of forming a general plan for his conduct with the powers in Europe. At a subsequent period, these letters, in violation of propriety, and of official confidence, were, by some person, communicated to *Bache*, and published in his paper, accompanied by some very offensive comments. The object of this publication, as stated by Chief Justice Marshall, in his life of Washington, was "to demonstrate the existence of a disposition in the *President* unfriendly to the French Republic—of a Machiavelian policy, which nothing but the enthusiastic affection of the *people* could have subdued."

In a letter from Washington to Jefferson upon this subject, we find the following remarks:—

"Nor did I believe, until lately, that it was within the bounds of probability—hardly within those of possibility—that while I was using my utmost exertions to establish a national character of our own, I should be accused of being the enemy of one nation and subject to the influence of another; and to prove it, that every act of my administration would be tortured, and the grossest and most insidious misrepresentations of them be made, by giving one side only of a subject, and that too in such exaggerated and indecent terms as could scarcely be applied to a Nero—to a notorious defaulter—or even to a common pickpocket."

In the 5th volume of *Chief Justice Marshall's* Life of Washington, in note ix. to page 440, we find a letter from Washington to Governor Lee, of Virginia, from which we make the following extract:

"For the result, as it respects myself, I care not. I have a consolation within of which no earthly efforts can deprive me;—and that is, that neither ambitious nor interested motives have influenced my conduct. *The arrows of malevolence*, therefore, however barbed and pointed, can never reach my most valuable part; though, whilst I am *up* as a *mark*, they will be continually aimed at me. *The publications in Freneau's and Bache's papers are outrages on common decency; and they progress in that style in proportion as their pieces are treated with contempt, and passed over in silence by those against whom they are directed.* Their tendency, however, is too obvious to be mistaken, by men of cool and dispassionate minds: and, *in my opinion, ought to alarm them;* because it is difficult to prescribe bounds to their effect."

We presume that the authority of Washington is abundantly sufficient to establish this matter.

But we will add, that in *Bache's* paper, the French account of the battle at Little Meadows was published, and in this account Washington was charged with the *assassination* of the French.

In speaking of the letter to *Mazzei*, and the hiring of Callender, the editor of the Advocate has the following sentences:

"*It has long since been denied, and we believe never proved, that he wrote the letters to Mazzei*, copied by Mr. Simpson: and the entire falsity of the charge against him, of having employed Callender to traduce the reputation of Washington, has been proved over and over again. The *editor of the Gazette is fully aware of this fact*, but his hatred of Mr. Jefferson appears to be such, that he is blind to every thing except that which shall tend to tarnish the fame of that patriot and statesman."

If we did not know that the editor of the Advocate was an old and experienced politician, who had commenced his education, at a very early age, in the school of Bache, we would say that he is very ignorant of the political history of our country, and would attribute the misstatements in the above paragraph to that ignorance. Circumstances, however, forbid this view of the matter.

As to the letter to *Mazzei*, we will only state, to the editor, that it was published among the letters of Thomas Jefferson, by *his own direction*, and that, in a letter to James Madison, dated 3d of August, 1797, he admits its authorship, and asks Mr. Madison's advice, as to the best mode of escaping the odium which it was exciting against him. As the editor of the Advocate seems satisfied that "we will never state what we cannot substantiate," it might be considered unnecessary for us to give any evidence of the truth of these statements; but, to remove all doubt, or possibility of doubt, we refer Mr. Wilson to volume iii. of Jefferson's Letters, page 327, where he will find the letter to *Mazzei;* and to page 362 of the same volume, where he will find the letter to James Madison, acknowledging the authorship of the letter to Mazzei, as published by Simpson.

As to the hiring of Callender, the publication of Mr. Jefferson's Letters, removes all reasonable doubt upon this subject.—We refer our readers only to his letter to James Monroe, dated July 15, 1802; vol. iii., page 494, of which the following is an extract:

"This was the first of my learning that Callender was the author of the work. I considered him as a man of science fled from persecution, and assured my friend of *my readiness to do whatever could serve him.* It was long after this before I saw him; probably not till 1798. He had, in the mean time, written a second part of the Political Progress, much inferior to the first, and his *history of the United States.* In 1798, I think, I was applied to by Mr. Lieper *to contribute to his relief. I did so.* In 1799, I think, S. T. Mason applied *for him. I contributed again.* He had, by this time, *paid me two or three personal visits.* When he fled in a panic from Philadelphia to General Mason's, he wrote to me that he was a fugitive in want of employ, wished to know if he could get into a counting house or a school, in my neighborhood or in that of Richmond; that he had materials for a volume, and if he could get as much money as would buy the paper, the profit of the sale would be all his own. *I availed myself of this pretext to cover a mere charity*, by desiring him to consider me a subscriber for as many copies of his book as the money inclosed (*fifty dollars*) amounted to; but to send me two copies only, as the others might *lay* till called for. But I discouraged his coming into my neighborhood. His first writings here had fallen far short of his original Political Progress, and the scurrilities of his subsequent ones began evidently to do mischief. *As to myself, no man wished more to see his pen stopped; but I considered him still as a proper object of benevolence.* The succeeding year he again wanted money to buy paper for another volume. I made his letter, as before, *the occasion of giving him another fifty dollars.* He considers these as proofs of my approbation of his writings, when they were *mere charities, yielded under a strong conviction that he was injuring us by his writings.*"

Who, after reading this extract, can doubt about the motives of Mr. Jefferson's liberality to Callender? It is true that, some years afterwards, when these gifts were made public, Mr. Jefferson wrote this letter, and had the hardihood to assert that he was influenced only by feelings of charity!!! He ventured to assert that, he thought Callender was injuring his party by his writings, and declared, that "no person wished more to see his pen stopped"—still he *twice* contributed *fifty* dollars, to buy the paper to print his book on!!! Now, we ask any impartial man to say whether there is any color of truth in this statement. Can any man believe that Mr. Jefferson would be thus liberal, if he wished to stop Callender's pen, or if he believed that that pen was likely to do harm to his party?

☞A letter from Cincinnati states that there were 30 deaths there, of Cholera, on Friday last.

COMMUNICATED.

At a Meeting of the Board of Trustees, of the Western University, the degree of A. B. was conferred on the following young gentlemen, who had completed their studies in the University, viz:—Robert C. Sellers, Alexander Black, James Prestly, and Jonathan Fulton—all of the city of Pittsburgh.

PHILOLOGICAL INSTITUTE.

A regular meeting of the Society will be held, at Philo Hall, on Monday evening next, the 5th of August, at 8 o'clock. Question for debate—

"Are critical reviews injurious to the advancement of literature."

Affirmative.—W. O. H. Robinson, C. Lee, T. Ligget, R. M. Riddle, A. M. Holbrook, Wm. McCandless, Jr., J. B. Guthrie, H. B. Forward.

Negative.—M. B. Miltenberger, J. Harper, S. Leffler, J. H. Stewart, J. H. Daily, T. Douthitt, J. P Judson, J. Birmingham.

T. M. HOWE, Pres't.

H. P. Schwartz, Sec'y.

From the New York Gazette.

The following statement and calculations are taken from a letter of W. F. Reuss, of Liverpool, author of a valuable work under the title of "Calculations and Statements of the Trade with America." They appear to be the correct views of mercantile good sense, perspicuously stated; and although there is nothing particularly difficult or abstruse about them, it will, perhaps, save a hundred other persons the trouble of making the same calculations if we print them at once.

Views of the manner in which the late modifications of the Tariff Laws in the United States are particularly applicable.

I. Duties on Imports, subject to a conventional valuation.

By the tariff of the 14th July, 1832, which forms the basis upon which the late enactments rest, it is provided that cotton prints are to pay a duty of 25 per cent. on the value, and that in case the actual value is below 35 cents per square yard, it is to be assumed for the computation of the duty, to be 35 cents per square yard.

Cotton prints are usually 26 inches wide, and can be procured in Manchester at from 12s to 16s per piece, of 28 yards, or at 5 1-7d to 6 6-7d per running yard. In referring to p. 172 of my volume relating to the trade between the United States and Great Britain, it will be found that these prices and width, establish a customs value of 14 3-4 to 19 1-2 cents per square yard, which, being considerably below 35 cents per square yard, it may be taken for granted, that almost all cotton prints shipped from Great Britain to the United States, are rated for duty at the nominal value of 35 cents per square yard. This admitted, the following example will show the mode of taking the duty in all cases as provided for by law, viz:

1000 pieces of prints, 26 inches wide, and 28 yds. long; gives 28,000 running yds., or 20,222 squ. yds, at 35 cents, value, - $7077 70

Duty until 31st December, 1833, at 25 per cent., is - - - 1769 42

Mr. Clay's bill, however, providing that in all cases where foreign imports are subject to a duty exceeding 20 per cent. of the value thereof, (whether invoice value, value by appraisement, or customs value under existing regulations, is not stated, although of the utmost importance,) 1-10th part of the excess shall be deducted, a further 1-10th part more on 31st December, 1835, and after &c., &c.

To establish these reductions, the following calculation seems to be the most simple:

Duty on 1000 pcs. prints, at 25 per ct. as per Tariff of July, 1832—as above,	$1769 42
Actual *value* of the same, either by invoice or appraisement, which seems to me the most probable meaning of the Act—say by invoice, viz. Cost in Manchester, 1000 pieces, at 16 shillings per piece, - -	800*l* 0 0
Discount 1 1-2 per ct.,	12 0 0
	788 0 0
Charges in Manchester,	18 6 8
	806 6 8
Commission—2 per cent.,	16 2 4
	822 9 0
At $4 80—$3947 76	
20 per cent.,	789 55
Shows an *excess* of duty over 20 per ct. of the value, of - - -	979 87

Premium for the sake of simplification, for in practical application this point is immaterial, the actual value always to remain the same, the calculation of the duty under Mr. Clay's modification will be:

Specific Amounts of Duty on 1000 pieces Prints, 26 inches wide, within the various periods fixed by law.

Duty *until* 31*st Dec.*, 1833, as above,	$1769 42	
Amount of Duty as per act of 14th July, 1832, - -	$1769 42	
10 per ct. reduction on excess of $979 87 - -	97 99	
Duty, *until* 30*th December*, 1835,		1671 43
Am't of Duty as per act 14th July, 1832, - - -	1769 42	
20 per cent. reduction on excess of 979 87 - -	195 97	
Duty, *until* 31*st December*, 1837, -		1573 45
Amount of Duty as per act 14th July, 1832, - -	1769 42	
30 per cent. reduction on excess of 979 87 - -	293 95	
Duty, *until* 31*st December*, 1839, -		1475 47
Amount of Duty as per act 14th July, 1832, - -	1769 42	
40 per cent. reduction on excess of 979 87 - -	391 93	
Duty, *until* 31*st December*, 1841, -		1377 49.

It is further provided that from and after 31st Dec., 1841, *one half* of the *residue* of the excess shall be deducted, and from and after 30th June, 1842, the other half,—which will apply as follows:

Am't of Duty as per act 14th July, 1832, - - -	$1769 42	
40 per cent. reduction, as above, - -	$391 93	
Total excess, -	972 87	
Less the 40 pr ct.	391 93	
Residue of excess	587 94	
Half of it,	292 97	685 90
Duty, *until June 30th*, 1842,		$1083 52
Am't of Duty as per act 14th July, 1832, - -	$1769 42	
Deduct of 40 pr ct. and the whole of the residue - -	979 87	
Duty *after 30th June*, 1842, or 20 *per cent. on the actual value of* $3947 76		$789 55

II. Duties on imports, payable on the actual value.

In these cases the computation of the Duty is obviously quite simple, and the reductions of the same, as provided by the act of March last, may for better convenience, even be established in the rates of per centage, now in force. For instance, *Cotton Prints.* It being ascertained that their cost exceeds 35 cents per square yard, they are to pay 25 per cent. duty on the actual cost, on which actual cost is likewise computed to be intended progressive reduction of that duty. The calculations will be thus—

Duty until 31st December, 1833, is	25 per cent
	25 pr ct.
Prospective duty after 30 June, 1822,	20 "
Present excess - -	5 "
1-10th part is - - -	½ "

Thus the said reduction amounts to 1-2 per ct. biennially, and the rates which became thereby established, will be from and after

31st December,	1833,	24 1-8 pr. ct.
" "	1835,	24 "
" "	1837,	23 1-2 "
" "	1839,	23 "
30th June,	1841,	21 1-2 "
" "	1842,	20 "

III. Duties on Imports fixed at a specific rate.

On examination of the Tariff act of 4th March, it appears that goods subject to specific duties are likewise to participate in the conceded reduction, in cases where that duty exceeds 20 per cent. of the actual value, so that from and after 30th June, 1842, such specific duty will be transformed into an ad valorem duty of 20 per cent. *Brandy*, for instance, belongs to this description of Imports.

The present duty is - -	57 cts. per gal.
The value, either by invoice or appraisement, say $1 per gal. whereof 20 per ct. is	20 cts. per gal.
Excess of Duty over one fifth of the value - -	37 cts. per gal.
one tenths is 3 7-10 cts. per gal.	

Thus a reduction of 3 7-10 cents per gal. is to take place in the duty every 2 years, until June 30, 1841, when the reduction will be 5 55-100 cts. per gal., and after June, 1842, the duty 20 per cent.

Liverpool, 22d May, 1833.

COMMERCE.

In the Treasury documents for the year 1832, we find the following facts stated:

Philadelphia.		
American Tonnage	entered,	64,245
" "	departed,	46,724
Foreign "	entered,	17,671
" "	departed,	14,131
New York.		
American Tonnage	entered,	298,127
" "	departed,	218,490
Foreign "	entered,	102,908
" "	departed,	90,900
Boston.		
American Tonnage	entered,	136,369
" "	departed,	125,751
Foreign "	entered,	21,442
" "	departed,	22,427
Baltimore.		
American Tonnage	entered,	50,936
" "	departed,	48,933
Foreign "	entered,	20,957
" "	departed,	15,684
New Orleans.		
American Tonnage	entered,	68,637
" "	departed,	88,236
Foreign "	entered,	56,924
" "	departed,	59,620

Mr. T. Dwight announces that his History of the Hartford Convention will, probably, be ready for the press, in two or three weeks, and published thereafter "as soon as the nature of the case will admit.—*Nat. Gaz.*

We observe that some of our cotemporaries of the press have stated, upon what authority we know not, that the government has determined not to withdraw the public deposits from the Bank of the United States. We are well assured, that no final resolution has been taken, the one or the other. An agent has been appointed by the Secretary of the Treasury, under direction of the President, to ascertain from the State Banks, in the principal cities, on what terms and in what manner they are willing to perform the services now rendered by the Bank of the United States, if the government should think proper to remove the deposits. But this measure is not to be understood to indicate a determination to take that step on report of the Agent. The whole subject will then be open for consideration, as it is now.—*Wash. Globe, July 25.*

Home Trade.—The N. Y. Mercantile states several interesting facts, relative to this subject—among the rest, that the merchandise imported from Boston into that city annually, exceeds the amount of goods imported from Liverpool; that the present annual consumption of Cotton in the United States amounts to at least 325,000 bales; and that the whole Cotton crop of the United States would not pay for the *hats*, and *boots*, and *shoes* annually worn by our citizens. The first of these positions is founded on an estimate of the immense number of daily arrivals in New York from Boston, and the amount of the cargoes; the second, on statistical documents; the third on the supposition that 13,000,000 of population cannot possibly consume a less, but probably a much greater amount than three dollars per head, in hats, boots, and shoes, which makes a grand total of $39,000,000.

The truth is, says the Mercantile, our Home Trade being subject to no impost, its immense amount is not registered, and therefore escapes our notice, while our foreign trade being reported at the several custom houses, its amount and value are continually before us.

Polynesian Researches, by *William Ellis*, in four volumes, vol. I. *Harpers.*—This is a judicious reprint of an English work that has received high commendation abroad. The tone of the book is good, and it is the most complete account of the South Sea Islands extant. The early institutions and the obsolete manners and customs, as well as those now prevailing in these countries, are, with every thing relating to their inhabitants, minutely detailed, their arts, manufactures, and antiquities being neatly illustrated with wood cuts, well printed upon fine hard paper.—*N. Y. Amer.*

Economy of Temperance.—It appears from the first annual report of the Salisbury and Amesbury Young Men's Temperance Society, that four years ago there were in those towns 26 places where spirits were sold, or one place to every 200 inhabitants. The consumption was 30,000 gallons yearly, at a cost of about $20,000. Three quarters of this sum for 20 years would give an aggregate of $300,000. The expense of supporting the schools of those towns during the same period, is rated at one fourth of this sum. The latter, in 1826, made a tax of 40 cents, and the spirits, on an average, four dollars expense to each inhabitant. This is, of course, exclusive of all the consequences of drinking—pauperism, crime, sickness, &c.—it includes only the first cost.

There are now, in these towns, three places, where spirit is sold—or one for every 1,700 inhabitants. The quantity sold by them is believed to be little greater than when there were twenty six. The quantity consumed is about one sixth of what it was at that time. In 1826, over 10,000 gallons of spirit were imported from Boston; in 1833, thus far, only 216, while 428 gallons have been carried back to Boston.—*Bost. Merc. Jour.*

United States' Bank.—The Washington Globe furnishes the following statement:

	Jan. 1, 1833.	July 1, 1833.
Specie on hand,	8,951,142	10,098,541
Funds in Europe,	3,106,833	1,829,109
Notes in circulat.,	21,203,567	24,667,735
Private deposits,	7,518,677	9,863,728

Numerous Family.—In a dwelling, at Nightingale bridge, near Preston, Eng., which consists of fifteen feet by nine, there resides a man, his wife, and eight children; four asses, one calf, seven pigs, two dogs, forty hens, one cock, one cat, and one linnet; making a motley total of sixty seven living creatures in the above small compass.

Extraordinary Birth.—In Mountmellick, a few days since, a mendicant called "Mary the Fairy," in height 30 inches, and aged 50 years, gave birth to a male child.—*Tipperary Free Press.*

American Benevolence.—Three years since, at a meeting of the American S. S. Union, in Philadelphia, a Resolution to supply the Mississippi Valley with Sunday Schools, was adopted by acclamation. Since that time $73,366 85 have been collected towards the accomplishment of the object. During the same period 60 missionaries and agents have been employed, 4,245 schools established, and more than half a million of books put in circulation for the use of S. S. Libraries.—*Bost. Journal.*

Silver Mines of Mexico.—From an article in the last number of Silliman's Journal, we learn that there are about five hundred towns, or principal places, in Mexico, celebrated for the exploration of silver that surrounded them. These five hundred places comprehend together about three thousand mines. The whole number of veins and masses in the exploration is between four and five thousand. The ore is generally in veins—rarely in beds or masses. The vein of Guanaxuato is the most extensive. It is from 120 to 150 feet thick, and is explored in different places for a distance of nine miles. The quantity of silver, in the ores, averages from three to four ounces the quintal, or from 1-448 to 1-597th of the weight of ore. The annual produce of silver, in Mexico, during the last years of the 17th century, was 1,134,424 lbs.

Invention—The Courier des Etats Unis contains an article, from a French paper, giving an account of the invention of a new plough, by a farmer of the name of Grange, at Harol, in the department of Vosges. No particular description is given of the instrument itself, but the prefect of the department, in a communication addressed to an agricultural academy, speaks of it in terms of great admiration, and applauds the disinterestedness of the inventor, who declined taking a patent.—Mr. Grange says, that having been compelled, from infancy, to labor for many years with a plough drawn by six horses, on a soil abounding with stones, he was induced to attempt to introduce some improvement, which would enable him, with less effort, to preserve a proper direction in the furrow, which he had found impossible as it was then constructed. After having succeeded to his own satisfaction, a trial of his invention was made in the presence of the committees of four agricultural societies, and of a great throng of people. The plough, without being held or touched by any one, except at the commencement of a new furrow, preserved its direction perfectly, turning out regular and uniform furrows. It was drawn by four horses. With the plough of the country, says the prefect, twelve horses could not have done the work with the same expedition and success.

The Commerce and Navigation of Massachusetts.—The shipping of this state is more numerous than that of any state in the Union, and in the extent of its foreign commerce, it is second only to New York. The value of imports into the state, during the year ending Sept. 30, 1832, was $18,118,900, of which $17,670,184 in value, were imported in American vessels. The value of exports from the state in the same year, was $11,993,768, of which $4,656,635 in value, was of domestic produce. The amount of shipping owned in the state, and employed in the foreign and coasting trade and in the fisheries, on the last day of December, 1831, was 342,676 19 tons—it being 4,837 78 tons greater than the amount owned and employed in the business in the state of New York.

The Fisheries were formerly considered of greater importance than all the other maritime interests of Massachusetts. They are still important, and the state continues more extensively engaged in them than all the other states in the Union. The shipping in this state, employed in the Fisheries, on the last day of December, 1831, amounted to 142,623 74 tons, of which 69,055 54 tons were engaged in the Whale Fishery, 38,624 88 tons in the Cod Fishery, and 34,943 32 in the Mackerel Fishery.

Of the shipping of Massachusetts, 17,659 88 tons belong to the district of Newburyport, 1,567 31 to Ipswich, 12,838 44 to Gloucester, 25,539 49 to Salem, 6,917 81 to Marblehead, 138,174 25 to Boston, 17,877 03 to Plymouth, 3,899 47 to Dighton, 64,049 41 to New Bedford, 26,857 93 to Barnstable, 2,620 58 to Edgartown, and 24,678 30 to Nantucket.—*Taunton Gaz.*

We are sorry to see the annunciation of a new periodical work, entitled the "*Terrific Register*, or Records of Crimes, Judgments, Providences, and Calamities." It is not the better for being a reprint of a London work, where the most atrocious crimes are numerous, and the accounts of them gross or *terrific* in the highest degree. These cannot but injure youthful readers and all persons of weak mind or excitable imagination. Atrocious deeds often proceed from disordered fancy; as often, perhaps, as from depravity of heart. There are springs of action and infirmities in our nature, upon which such narratives of blood, turpitude, or *calamity*, may operate in a lamentable way. Strength of intellect, moreover, is required to extract the salutary moral and obtain the right interpretation of *Judgments* and *Providences.* For our parts, there is scarcely any work—any equivocal at least—which we would not rather see enter into families as regular reading, than the one above mentioned. We are not acquainted with it, but we infer the complection of its contents from the matter of similar publications which we have seen, the horrible and shameless details which are introduced into the London newspapers, and the custom of the London presses generally to pander to curiosity and irregular appetite of what kind soever, reckless of consequences in relation to morality, order, and the balance or equability of individual character. The *Terrific Register* will be only the worse for being "illustrated by engravings," and "the cheapest work ever published."—*Nat. Gaz.*

A letter from General Hamilton, of South Carolina, excusing himself on account of indisposition, from attending the celebration of the 4th of July, contains the following paragraph:

"I had designed to have sent you a letter, which he [John Randolph] wrote me a few hours after the President's Proclamation had reached him, when he was stretched on what was almost his last bed of sickness, but, on more mature reflection, I have deemed it advisable to consult a mutual friend, both of the deceased and myself, in Virginia, as to such parts of our correspondence as it might be proper to make public, before any of his letters appear. The letter, however, to which I allude, shall see the light. When it does, I promise you, that Andrew Jackson, Esq. will not have skin enough left upon his back to determine the color of his Epidermis."

From this it appears that General Jackson may prepare his back for the stripes, and for an offence, too, which is approved by three-fourths of the freemen of the United States. The President committed a great error in appointing Mr. Randolph to a foreign mission, and the orator of Roanoke repaid the act of kindness in his *usual* way—and now that he is consigned to the tomb, his private letters are to be given to the public to wound the feelings of his benefactor. We do not think this course reconcileable with the principles of morality, nor that it is calculated to be of the least benefit to the public. We could have no objection to a fair discussion of the principles of the proclamation by Mr. Randolph or any other person—but the tenor of the letter in question is evidently more of a personal than a political cast.—As regards the proclamation, our honest conviction is, that the Republican will cease to have existence when the main doctrines of that paper cease to be recognized as fundamental principles of the general government.—*Balt. Chronicle.*

Insanity in England.—The acute and learned Spurzheim, than whom no man made more searching observations of human nature, states in his work on *Insanity*, that in the United Kingdom that disorder is more frequent than in any other part of Europe. In England, it is most frequent of all, and some writers say it is rapidly increasing. The fact is explained at some length. In the first place, the universal freedom of the people induces general excitement—every body is involved in the business of the public, and of numerous parties, societies, and sects, as well as in his own—and this "activity of the cerebral functions," the Doctor considers a great source of insanity.

The same is true of the passions, or feelings.—The religious, for instance, are exceedingly active in that country. So is political and personal ambition. So is mercantile excitement to a great extent—"in short, all feelings, selfish and liberal, religious and moral, low and high." Dr. Rush observes that in *despotic* countries madness is a rare disease; and he was informed by Dr. Scott, who accompanied Lord Macartney in his embassy, that he never heard of *but a single instance of madness in China.* The passions are torpid under such governments, and so is the intellect.

Luxury is another cause of insanity, prevalent

in England. Another is *celibacy*, for the Doctor states it as certain that single persons are more disposed to madness than others; and he gives his reasons for the fact and for the application of it in England. Sudden changes in living are bad also, and these are frequent in that country. So are habits of intoxication "admitted to be a frequent cause of insanity by all who have treated on the subject." So is the eating of heavy dinners, and the use of strong wines and strong tea, (the Doctor says nothing of coffee) inducing dyspepsia, liver complaint, &c. Then the climate of England is moist, cold, and cloudy, and these circumstances, taken together, are unfavorable.

Insanity is more prevalent among females than males, all over the world, owing partly to the greater strength of their feelings; and to physical and social circumstances from which they are oftener sufferers. The agricultural population is every where least liable to madness. In England only one in 820 of this class is insane—a small proportion, compared with the cities—and especially the luxurious and dissolute orders in the cities, though large in comparison with Spain, Portugal, Turkey, and China.—*Boston Mercantile Journal.*

Extracts from the Baltimore Prices Current, and Review of the market, for the week ending Friday evening, July 26.

COTTON.

The late advices from England, and the consequent rise in the eastern markets, have had a corresponding effect here. Several parcels of Uplands, and one or more of Common Louisiana were taken yesterday at 61-2 cents, to go out of the market. Holders of Louisiana are not anxious to sell. The market is now clear of Uplands, except the stock held by one house, and that is withdrawn for the present.

FLOUR.

Howard street Flour.—The principal sales from stores throughout the week have been at $6 per bbl. Occasional limited lots are taken at $6 12 1-2, and two lots, comprising 250 bbls. choice brands, at $6 25. The receipts of fresh ground flour are light, and this description is most generally wanted. A few loads of *new* flour have been received, and have been rated at the same prices as fresh flour of old wheat. The wagon price ranges from $5 87 1-2 to $6.

City Mills Flour.—Sales of fresh ground parcels, of half new and half old wheat, continue to be made at $6 50 per bbl. which price we quote to day. There is no stock, the parcels receiving being on account of contracts already made.

Susquehanna Flour.—A sale of a parcel of fresh ground, of favorite brands and in bright barrels, was taken for export on Monday at $6 18 3-4. Sales of lots in good order, not so recently ground, at $5 87 1-2. We quote fresh ground parcels, according to condition, at $5 87 1-2 to $6 12 1-2.

Rye Flour.—Lots of 2d Susquehanna have been sold at $4 a $5 12 1-2. The wagon price of 1st Rye, in Howard street, is $4 25, and of 2d $3 75.

The inspections of the week, ending on Thursday evening, comprise the following kinds and quantities, viz:

	bbls.	*half brls.*
Howard street,	3574	70
City Mills,	2945	48
Susquehanna,	913	00
Total,	7431	118

Besides 115 bbls. Rye Flour, and 155 bbls Corn Meal.

SUGARS.

On Tuesday, at auction, 124 hhds. Porto Rico were sold at $8 30 a $9 10; and 91 bbls. Porto Rico at $8 25 a $8 40. A parcel of 126 hhds. St. Thomas was also put up, and 20 hhds. sold at $8 50 to $8 65; the balance was afterwards sold at private sale at $8 50. Holders of N. Orleans Sugars have advanced the prices, and now ask $8 to $8 50; we are not advised of any sales at these rates.

Wagon Freights—Remain as last noted, viz: —to Wheeling $2, and to Pittsburgh $1 75 per 100 lbs.

WESTERN UNIVERSITY
OF PENNSYLVANIA.

THE Classes in the Western University will open on Monday next, the 5th of August.

Mathematics, Natural and Moral Philosophy, and all the branches of education for the Junior and Senior Classes, will be taught by the Provost of the Institution.

The Latin and Greek Languages will be taught by the Rev. Moses Kerr, Professor of Ancient Languages.

A Tutor is bespoke, who, in addition to the elements of the Latin language, will teach English Grammar, Geography, &c. He will be employed as soon as the state of the Institution requires his services.

Students who wish to study for a term or two, only, and who apply for Mathematics, Geography, the use of the Globes, &c., will study under the Provost.

Students, from the country, of good character and behavior, can board themselves in the College Building. Boarding here can be obtained as cheap as in any of the neighboring colleges in the western country; and there is excellent convenience for studying, and healthful rooms for Dormitories.

Strict attention will be paid to the government and morals of the Students: and the utmost exertions will be made by the Faculty to advance all of them in literature and science.

A weekly report of the behavior of the Students, in the College and Grammar School, will be forwarded to parents and guardians, that they may have a perfect knowledge of the standing and progress of the students whom they put under our care.

The time of commencement, and of bestowing degrees, will be, as usual, on the last Friday of the month of June.

Price of tuition, $25 per annum, paid quarterly.

ROBERT BRUCE,
Provost W. U. P.
MOSES KERR,
Prof. Ancient Languages, W. U. P.

July 31, 1833—5t

NOTICE.

THE Creditors of James Lappin, late Merchant, of the city of Pittsburgh, are hereby notified, that the said James Lappin, on the 19th day of July, did execute a deed of Assignment of his Books, Notes, and Debts, unto us, which deed is recorded, according to law—in consequence of which assignment, all the Creditors of the said James Lappin are requested to call on Matthew B. Lowrie, Esq., with whom the Books, &c. are left for collection, and discharge their respective claims, before costs are added, as it is desirable that the business shall be settled as soon as possible. Creditors and others are also notified not to pay the amount of notes said Lappin holds against them, or to take transfers of notes of hand, after the 19th inst. S. BAIRD & Co.

July 31, 1833—tf

CUPPING & LEECHING.

D. B. SHRIEVES, (Successor to Dr. B. Best,) tenders his services to the Physicians and citizens of Pittsburgh as Cupper, Leecher, Bleeder, and Tooth Drawer.—Office nearly opposite the United States' Bank, Fourth street, Pittsburgh. July 31—tf

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THE FLOAT.

NOTICE is hereby given by the street commissioners, that the Float for Filth, authorized to be constructed by an act of councils passed the 27th day of May, 1833, is now completed and ready for use, and that Mr. Thomas Cunningham has been appointed to attend it. The Float is placed at the Point, on the Monongahela, and it is "the only place of deposit for filth, which must be tilted, by the person conveying the same, clear of the Float; and for every violation of the Ordinance, the person so offending, shall forfeit and pay the sum of ten dollars, on conviction before the Mayor, or any Alderman in the city."

WM. CRAWFORD,
P. PEPPARD,
Street Commissioners.

July 31—4t

COPARTNERSHIP.

THE Subscriber, having taken THOMAS BURCH, Jr. into partnership, the business will, in future, be conducted under the firm of VOORHIS & BURCH.

PETER V. S. VOORHIS.

Pittsburgh, July 30, 1833.

The Subscribers take this opportunity of informing the Merchants and others, that their Stock of Combs, *manufactured by themselves*, always embraces the largest and most complete assortment in the West, and their prices now being much reduced, they respectfully solicit the continuance of a share of public patronage.

PETER V. S. VOORHIS,
THOMAS BURCH, Jr.
Comb Manufacturers, No. 74 Wood street.

July 31, 1833.—w3m

NEW OIL AND LAMP STORE,
No. 12 South Seventh Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

THE Subscriber, having opened a Store for the sale of OIL and LAMPS, now offers for sale his stock, consisting of

11,000 Gallons Winter and Summer Strained Sperm. Oil, warranted to be of the purest quality.

5,000 Gallons Refined and Common Whale Oil, for sale by the Cask, or smaller quantity.

Also, 200 boxes New Bedford Sperm. Candles, together with an extensive assortment of Lamps, and all articles appertaining to their use.

JOHN B. A. ALLEN.

July 30, 1833.

NEW WORKS.

THE WHIGS OF SCOTLAND—or, the Last of the Stewarts—a Historical Romance of the Scottish Persecution: In 2 volumes, 12mo.

SYDENHAM—or Memoirs of a Man of the World: In 2 vols., 12mo.

Just received and for sale by

JOHN I. KAY & Co.,
44 Market street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh.

July 30, 1833—3t.

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200 BBLS. Fresh Flour;
4 bbls. Honey;
10 barrels Lint Seed Oil;
40 do. Whiskey;
30 do. Hugus' "Arrac;"

Just received, on consignment—for sale by

GEO. COCHRAN, of R'd.

Pittsburgh, July 12, 1833.—4w.

DOCTOR JOSEPH TREVOR,
ALLEGHENY TOWN:

OFFICE in Robinson's Row—tenth door from the Canal Bridge.

May 28, 1833.—tf.

A RAFT.

TAKEN up, in the Ohio River, by the Subscriber, living on Montour's Island, on Thursday, the 11th instant, a Raft of Pine Timber, with some Lathes on it.

The owner can have it again, by proving property, and paying charges.

GEORGE S. SIMPSON,
July 19, 1833. Montour's Island.

Merchants' and Manufacturers' Bank.

Pittsburgh, July 24th, 1833.

THIS Institution will be opened for business this day.

Discount days, Mondays and Thursdays. Notes must be offered on Saturday and Wednesday.

July 26, 1833.—tf.

PROSPECT HILL
Literary & Scientific Institution.
PITTSBURGH, Pa.

ON the 1st of July, Mr. DANIEL STONE intends opening, near the City of Pittsburgh, an Institution for the instruction of boys. Its plan is to combine, as far as possible, the peculiar advantages of a domestic and public education.—The pupils, with the principal and assistants, will constitute one family, and be at all times under careful supervision. The *Discipline* will be mild, but strict, such as a father, solicitous for the welfare of his children, would exercise over them. It is believed that an appeal to reason, and the sense of honor and duty, will generally secure obedience. Coercive measures will, therefore, be adopted only in extreme cases.

The *Course of Study* will embrace the English, Latin, Greek, and French Languages; Arithmetic, Algebra, and Geometry; Geography and History—Ancient and Modern; Rhetoric, Composition, and Elocution; Natural Philosophy and Chemistry; Penmanship, Orthography, and Reading. Frequent examinations will be held, open to the friends and relations of the youths.

The *Mode of Instruction* will be thorough and critical, and no subject will be relinquished until fully understood. That the scholar's mind may become vigorous, active, and self-confident—prepared for the stern conflicts of life, and a fearless discharge of its duties, he will be encouraged to reason and decide for himself.

Each student will be required to attend such church as his parent or guardian shall designate.

To preserve health and elasticity of spirits, to check indolence, and promote industry among the students, they will be daily exercised in athletic sports.

Pupils will be admitted between the ages of *Six* and *Sixteen*. None can be received for less than one term.

The uniform *Dress* will consist of a cap, blue roundabout, with metal buttons, and blue pantaloons. Every article of clothing should be marked with the owner's name in full.

The *Terms* are two hundred dollars a year, payable quarterly in advance. This includes Tuition, Board, Lodging, Washing, Mending, Light, and Fuel.

The *Vacations*, after the present year, will be three—the 1st, of two weeks, from the 3d Wednesday in April; the 2d, of four weeks, from the 2d Wednesday in August; and one week at Christmas.

The *Matron's* department will be under the care of Mrs. Reynolds, of this city.

References—Stephen Colwell, Esq.
Rev. Dr. Upfold,
Hon. Judge Shaler,
Professor Halsey,
Rev. Dr. Lacey,
Hon. Harmar Denny.

Pittsburgh, June 28—tf

New & Valuable Publications.

VOLUME 4, *Condensed Chancery Reports.*—Reports of Cases decided in the High Court of Chancery, in England; edited by E. D. Ingraham, Esq., Counsellor at Law—containing the cases decided by Lord Elden, Lord Chancellor, Sir Thomas Plumer, Master of the Rolls, and Sir John Leach, Vice Chancellor, as reported by Mr. Jacob and by Lord Lyndhurst, Lord Chancellor, Sir John Leach, Master of the Rolls, and Sir Launcelot Shadwell, Vice Chancellor, as reported by Messrs. Russell and Mylne, in the first volume of their reports.

Sale's Koran—the Koran, commonly called the Alcoran of Mohammed—translated into English, immediately from the original Arabic, with explanatory notes, taken from the most approved commentators; to which is prefixed a preliminary Discourse, by George Lale, Gent., with a memoir of the translator, and with various readings and illustrative notes from Lavary's version of the Koran: first American edition, 2 vols., 8vo.

Commentaries on the Constitution of the United States, with a Preliminary Review of the Constitutional History of the Colonies and States, before the adoption of the Constitution. By Joseph Story, L. L. D., Dane Professor of Law in the Harvard University: 1 vol., 8vo.

A system of Universal Geography, Popular and Scientific, comprizing a Physical, Political, and Statistical account of the world, in its various divisions, embracing numerous sketches from recent travels, and illustrated by engravings of manners, costumes, curiosities, cities, edifices, remarkable animals, fruits, trees, and plants. By S. G. Goodrich: 1 vol., 8vo.

Chronology: or an Introduction and Index to Universal History, Biography, and Useful Knowledge; to which is added Valpy's Poetical Retrospect. Literary Chronology, and the latest Statistical Views of the World, with a Chart of History: in 1 vol.

The Principles of Christian Philosophy, containing the Doctrines, Duties, Admonitions, and Consolations of the Christian Religion: by John Burns, M. D. F. R. S. First Amer. Ed. 1 vol.

Saturday Evening: by the Author of Nat. Hist. of Enthusiasm. Third American Ed., 1 vol.

The New American Gardener; containing Practical Directions on the culture of Fruits and Vegetables, including Landscape and Ornamental Gardening, Grape Vines, Silk, Strawberries, &c. &c. By Thomas G. Fessenden, editor of the New England Farmer: 7th Edition.

The Buccaneer—a Tale: by Mrs. S. C. Hall, Author of "Sketches of Irish Character," &c. &c., in 2 vols.

Boys' and Girls' Library of Useful and Entertaining Knowledge; vols. 9, 10, and 11, containing Tales from American History; by the Author of American Lessons, &c., each volume comprizing a distinct subject and complete in itself, with numerous engravings.

Gallery of the Graces, a series of Portrait Illustrations of the most distinguished Poets and Prose Writers of Great Britain, engraved under the superintendence of W. & E. Finden, from Paintings designated expressly for this Work, by the most eminent Artists: Nos. 3 and 4. Portraits of the principal female characters in the Waverley Novels, with illustrated Letter Press, Nos. 3 and 4.

Finden's Landscape Illustrations to Murray's first complete and uniform edition of the Life and Works of Lord Byron, Nos. 1—13. The three above Works are most elegantly got up.

The above are just received and for sale by

JOHN I. KAY & Co.,
No. 44 Market street.

P. S. All the new Publications received as soon as published.

July 23, 1833.—tf.

New Theatre, Pittsburgh.

THE Public is respectfully informed, that this ELEGANT NEW THEATRE, at present building, in Fifth Street, will be opened for the Season, under the management of the subscriber, with a Dramatic Company not surpassed by any in the Union, on Monday, the Second of September, 1833.

The building has been substantially erected, by those well known Mechanics, Messrs. *Roseburg, Reynolds, Scott, & McCulloch*, after a plan drawn by John Haviland, Esq., of Philadelphia, whose justly acquired fame as an Architect will be increased by the style and Beauty of the Present Edifice.

A first rate London Artist has been employed, for the last three months, in preparing the *Dresses* especially for this Theatre, which, in point of

ELEGANCE AND SPLENDOR,

Will equal, if not surpass those belonging to the Metropolitan Theatres of New York, or Philadelphia.

THE SCENERY

Has been designed and executed by Mr. J. R. Smith, a young Artist of great talent, and whose productions may challenge comparison with those of the most distinguished Scene Painters of the day.

THE MACHINERY

Has been entrusted to the care of Mr. Stafford, late of the Philadelphia Theatres, and the direction of the

MECHANICAL DEPARTMENT

Will be placed under the Superintendence of Mr. Hoffner, of the Chesnut Street Theatre, Philadelphia.

In addition to the exertions of the Regular Company, most of whom are advantageously known in the Eastern Theatres, the Manager has great pride and pleasure in informing the inhabitants of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, that he has engaged, at great expense, the celebrated American Tragedian

MR. E. FORREST,

Who will have the honor of appearing before them at an early period, of which due notice will be given. Negotiations have already been entered into with the most distinguished Performers of the American Stage, who will appear in rapid succession—among others,

MR. & MRS. HILSON,
MISS CLARA FISHER,
MRS. KNIGHT,
MR. J. R. SCOTT,

Also, Mr. PARSLOE, of the Theatre, Covent Garden, London, &c. &c. &c.

In making these arrangements, the subscriber has used every exertion in his power to render THE THEATRE a place of rational amusement—

"To raise the genius and to mend the heart;
Shew Virtue her own features;
Vice her own image;
The age and body of the time, his form and pressure."

And he throws himself confidently on the liberality of the citizens of Pittsburgh for support.

FRAS. C. WEMYSS,
Lessee Pittsburgh Theatre.

July 19, 1833—tf.

5500 POUNDS SPANISH SOLE LEATHER—a superior article.

Just received and for sale by

JAMES IRWIN,
Corner of Market and Water streets.

Pittsburgh, June 28, 1833.—tf

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20 BOXES Y. H. TEA;
20 do. LEMONS;

Just received and for sale by

JAMES IRWIN,
Corner of Market and Water streets.

July 2, 1833.

RECTIFYING DISTILLERY,
AND FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC.
WINE AND LIQUOR STORE.

WILLIAM MITCHELTREE & SON, No. 162 Liberty street, opposite Sixth street, are constantly supplied with the following Liquors in quantity, of their own manufacture, which they will sell, wholesale and retail, on reasonable terms:

Brandy,		Cinnamon Cordial,	
Rum,		Caraway	do.
Gin,		Perfect Love	do.
Rectified Whiskey,		Rose	do.
Alcohol,		Lemon	do.
Peppermint Cordial,		Annisseed	do.

Domestic Wine, Cherry Bounce, Bitters, and Essences.

Having made arrangements in the East for a regular supply of FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS, they will always have on hand a large and general assortment. Their present stock consists of the following:

French Brandy,		Sweet Malaga Wine,	
Holland Gin,		Madeira	do.
Jamaica Spirits,		Lisbon	do.
Port Wine,		Teneriffe	do.
Red do.		Claret	do.

Also, New England Rum. Monongahela Whiskey, by the barrel, &c. Grocers, Tavern Keepers, and others wanting to purchase, are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves.

July 5, 1833----sw1mw6m.

THE WESTERN FEMALE
COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,

UNDER the superintendence of WILLIAM B. LACEY, D. D., is now open, and will be prepared for the reception of pupils at any time, except in the month of August.

The design of the Institute is to impart an accurate and thorough knowledge of all the solid and polite branches of Female Education; and, having engaged teachers of distinguished learning and accomplishments, the Principal hopes to fulfil the design.

Mrs. *Fleming* and Miss *Smith* will teach the elementary branches; Dr. *Aikin* will instruct in Geometry, Astronomy, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, Botany, and Geology. Dr. *Lacey* will hear classes in Rhetoric, Logic, Mental and Moral Philosophy, Evidences of Christianity, Natural Theology, History, Elocution, and Criticism. Mrs. *Lacey*, Mr. *Duponchel*, and Mrs. *Fleming*, will teach the French and Italian Languages. Mr. *Rupp*, assisted by Mrs. Lacey, will give lessons in Vocal and Instrumental Music. Mr. *Duponchel*, Mrs. *Lacey*, and Miss *Smith*, will instruct in Drawing and Painting, in all their varieties.

☞ The expense of Board and Tuition will vary, according to the branches taught, from 120 to 200 dollars per annum.

☞ Bills, in all cases, payable one quarter in advance.

Lectures will be given, weekly, on Etiquette and Female Manners, and the pupils exercised, daily, in Calesthenics, and the forms and elegancies of polished life. The scholars will have access to an extensive Library of English, French, and Italian Literature, with every possible facility to the improvement of their *taste* and *manners*.

Each Pupil is required to bring a Bible, Bed, and Bedding, Towels, Napkins, Table Spoon, Tea Spoon, Knife and Fork.

The summer term will commence on the 13th May, inst., and all who wish to enter in that period, are requested to do so at the *beginning*.

Dr. Lacey contemplates establishing, in the vicinity of his residence, a school for boys; and those who wish to procure places in it for their sons, will please apply immediately.

☞ The Christian Herald, Democrat, and Statesman, will insert the above 3 times.

May 3, 1833.---tf

SURVEYING.

Z. W. REMINGTON & LEWIS KEYON will attend to the business of laying out and dividing land. Applications to them will be promptly and accurately executed.

☞ Office on Penn street, just above Hand street. July 5, 1833---3m.

Alex. Bailie's Wine Store,
CORNER OF THIRD AND MARKET STREETS,

WHERE he has on hand, and for sale, the following Superior Wines:

Chateaux Margaux,
do. Lafitte,
do. Leoville,
do. Latour,
Markebroner, 1807,
Johannesberger, 1811,
St. Julien Medoc,
Haut Sauterne.

ALSO—Every description of Wines kept constantly on hand. Apply as above.

June 18, 1833—tf

Young Lady's Own Book.

THE Young Lady's Own Book—a manual of Intellectual Improvement and Moral Deportment; 1 vol., Plates, very neatly bound.

The Young Man's Own Book; a manual of Politeness, Intellectual Improvement, and Moral Deportment; calculated to form the character on a solid basis, and to insure respectability and success in Life—by the author of the 'Young Lady's Own Book—1 vol., Plates, very neatly bound.

The Singer's Own Book—a well selected collection of the most Popular, Sentimental, Patriotic, Naval, and Comic Songs; the above collection of songs is very chaste and beautiful—many of the songs are original, and have never appeared in print before; 1 vol., Plates, very neatly bound.

The Humorist's Own Book; a cabinet of original and selected Anecdotes, Bonmots, Sports of Fancy, and Traits of Character; intended to furnish occasion for reflection, as well at mirth; by the author of the 'Young Lady's Own Book;' 1 vol., very neatly bound.

The Gentleman's Medical Pocket Book, and Health Adviser; containing a concise statement of the modes of curing every disease to which he is liable, with directions for his conduct in case of accidents, on the road, or at sea. By a Medical Practitioner; 1 vol., neatly bound.

The above works are all bound alike, and of the same size. For sale by

JOHN I. KAY & CO.,
No. 44, Market st. opposite the Bank of Pittsb'g.

June 28—tf.

A Valuable Farm for Sale.

AGREEABLY to the last will of A. Stewart, Esq., will be sold, for Cash, or on a short credit, 115 or 120 acres of land, lying on the Ohio river, 4 miles below Pittsburgh, 30 or 40 acres first rate bottom land, the upland being good, and well timbered. A further description is deemed unnecessary, as any disposed to purchase will view the premises before they make an offer. Mr. Jones, who now occupies the Farm, will show it to those who may wish to view it. A good title will be made to the purchaser, and possession given at sale, reserving to the tenant what he occupies to the first of April, 1834.

☞ On application to either of the subscribers, the terms of sale may be known.

DAVID CALHOON. } *Ex'rs.*
JAMES PATTERSON, }

Mifflin township, June 4, 1833—tf

National Portrait Gallery.

THE National Portrait Gallery of Distinguished Americans—conducted by James B. Longacre, Philadelphia, and James Herring, New York—under the superintendence of the American Academy of the Fine Arts. The Number sent as a specimen, contains the Portraits of Israel Putnam, Andrew Jackson, and Miss Sedgewick—price 50 cents per number, or $6 per year. Those wishing to subscribe for the above work, will please call at the Bookstore of

JOHN I. KAY & Co.
No. 44 Market street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh. May 31, 1833.—tf

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TO LET,

THE Large Rooms in the brick building on the south west corner of Market and Fourth streets, occupied by the Pennsylvania Museum; immediate possession given. Enquire at the Museum.

Feb. 5.

New Hardware Store,
NO 66, WOOD STREET
PITTSBURGH.

LOGAN & KENNEDY, having just received an extensive assortment of Hardware, Cutlery, Saddlery, &c., respectfully invite the attention of Merchants, Mechanics, and others.

Also, a well selected assortment of *Union Factory* bench and moulding Planes.

Feb. 21, 1832.---tf

REMOVAL.

S. FAHNESTOCK & CO. have removed their Hardware Store to No. 86 Wood street, corner of Diamond alley.

Pittsburgh, January 25, 1833.—tf

DISSOLUTION.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of *M'Kee & Graham*, Hatters, is dissolved, by mutual consent; all persons, indebted to said firm, are requested to make payment to either of the subscribers, who will be found at the old stand, in the Diamond, and all persons having claims against the firm will present the same for settlement.

JOHN M'KEE,
JOHN GRAHAM.

June 14, 1833—6mo.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE Subscribers beg leave to inform their friends and the public in general, that they have purchased the extensive Hat Manufacturing Establishment of M'Kee & Graham, and will continue the business, in all its various branches, under the firm of

M'Lain, King & M'Cord,

At the old establishment, No. 16 Diamond. They will keep constantly on hand, a general assortment of the best and most fashionable Beaver, Castor Roram, and Wool Hats, *which they will warrant.*

Also, a general assortment of Hatters' Furs and Trimmings, which they will dispose of, on the most favorable terms. Orders from a distance, shall be punctually and promptly attended to.

BENJAMIN M'LAIN,
H. D. KING,
JOHN D. M'CORD.

June 14, 1833—6m.

We take pleasure in recommending to our former customers, Messrs. M'Lain, King & M'Cord, our successors, who, we believe, from their knowledge in the business, will afford satisfaction to all who may favor them with their custom.

JOHN M'KEE,
JOHN GRAHAM.

RAGS! RAGS!! RAGS!!!

FIVE and a half dollars per hundred for merchantable Rags will be given in BOOKS-STATIONERY, WRITING PAPER, WRAPPING PAPER, WALL PAPER, or in any article of Pittsburgh Manufacture, at Sylvester's Cheap Book Store, Corner of Wood and Third Streets, successor in the Book and Stationery business to Henry Holdship & Son.

Just Received,

100 Reams	No. 1	Cap paper,
200 "	2	" "
300 "	3	" "
500 "		Wrapping Paper,
200 "		Letter Paper,

1000 doz. U. S. Spelling Books,
3000 pieces Wall Paper.

ON HAND,

A general assortment of Books and Stationery, Wholesale and Retail.

May 17, 1833.

JAMES IRWIN

HAS on hand, and offers for sale, on accommodating terms—

[illegible]000 pounds BACON;
2,000 do. CAST STEEL;
500 do. CROWLEY STEEL;
4,000 do. LAMP BLACK;
4,000 do. COTTON YARN, No. 5 a 10
500 do. CANDLEWICK;
35 barrels PITCH;
30 boxes Ky. Manufactured do.;
40 kegs do. do. do.;
30 tons LOG WOOD;
80 Salted HIDES;
200 Dry do.;
500,000 Kentucky SEGARS;
120 bundles BINDERS' BOARDS;
75 groce BONNET BOARDS;
200 reams WRITING PAPER.

Pittsburgh, June 11, 1833---tf

MRS. BARLOW would be willing to receive into her family, three young Ladies, for Board and Tuition, in French, Italian, Music, for the Piano and Guitar, Drawing, English Grammar, Geography, History, Arithmetic, and Writing. For the latter branches, Mrs. B. will have the assistance of a competent English teacher.

Terms, $200 per annum, to be paid quarterly in advance.

Mignonnette, Bank of the Ohio, May 21.

CIRCULAR.

THE undersigned, late of the firm of Cochran & Irwin, having purchased the interest of Messrs. Dobbin & Irwin, and taken the house lately occupied by them, corner of Market and Water streets, is now prepared to transact a *General Commission and Forwarding Busines*

All consignments, or orders, addressed to him will meet with prompt attention, and every exertion will be made to promote the interest and secure the confidence of those who may entrust him with business.

A good assortment of *Pittsburgh Manufactured Articles*, at Manufacturers' prices, always on hand. JAMES IRWIN.

Pittsburgh, February 1, 1833.—tf

We take pleasure in recommending to our friends and customers, our successor, Mr. James Irwin, to whom we have sold our interest, and transferred our business. From our long acquaintance with Mr. Irwin, and entire confidence in his integrity and ability, we are well assured that he will give general satisfaction.

HAMILTON R. DOBBIN,
JAMES S. IRWIN.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 1, 1833.

SMITH & MELLOR,

TEACHERS OF MUSIC on the Piano Forte, Organ, Guitar, Singing, Flute, Violin, and Violincello. Pupils on the Piano Forte, Organ, Guitar, and Singing, will be instructed at their dwellings, or at the Music Room of the subscribers. For terms, &c., apply at their Music Store, No: 9 Fifth street between Wood and Market. SMITH & MELLOR.

June 21, 1833—tf

FOR THE CURE OF THE TOOTH-ACHE.—The subscribers, having united in the purchase of all Dr. Thomas White's right, (as expressed in his Letters Patent, obtained of the United States, on the 29th July, 1829,) to make and sell the said White's Celebrated Tooth-Ache Drops, in the county of Allegheny, are prepared to supply the city and county with any quantity of said Drops, and warrant them *genuine*.—Sold at Retail, by E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist, at his office, No 70 Fourth street; Wholesale, by JOHN HANNEN & Co., corner of Market and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh.

E. HALE, Dentist,
J. HANNEN, Druggist.

☞ The subscriber, in his practice as a Dentist, having successfully and to a considerable extent used "Doctor T. White's Vegetable Tooth Ache Drops," can recommend them, when *genuine*, as superior to any other remedy now in use. If obtained of the subscriber, a *cure is guarantied*.

A certificate of the Patentee may be seen at the office of the subscriber, No. 70 Fourth street, near Wood; where all Dental operations will be performed to the satisfaction of the patient, or no charges required.

E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist.

April 15—tf

FOR SALE—A number of Shares of Stock in the Navigation and Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh.

Apply to GEORGE A. COOK, Broker, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh. June 19.

REMOVAL.

S. J. SYLVESTER takes this opportunity to return his acknowledgments to his customers for their very liberal support, and asks a continuance of their custom, at his new stand, on the corner of Wood and Third streets, recently occupied by Messrs. Holdship & Son, who have declined the Book Business in his favor. To the customers of Messrs. Holdship, he would say that an extensive assortment of every article in the Book and Stationery Business will be found at his store, at the lowest possible rates.

☞ Country Merchants will find a more extensive assortment of Books than in any other establishment, and at lower prices than at any other store in the western country, on the most liberal terms. S. J. SYLVESTER,

Corner of Wood and Third streets, Pittsburgh.

April 2, 1833.

GEORGE COCHRAN, OF R'D,

WILL be prepared to receive Consignments of American Manufactures and Produce, at the Domestic Warehouse, No. 26, Wood street. He intends transacting a GENERAL COMMISSION BUSINESS, and will use his best exertions to render his establishment useful to the Merchant, Manufacturer, and others, who favor him with their business. He will be constantly supplied with ageneral assortment of DOMESTIC GOODS, at Wholesale, on the most favorable terms.

☞ The partnership of COCHRAN & IRWIN was dissolved on the 1st instant, by mutual consent.

Pittsburgh, January 11, 1833.—tf

Storage, Forwarding, and Commission

WAREHOUSE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully inform Merchants, Iron-masters, Salt Manufacturers, and the public in general, that they have commenced the above business, in the new and extensive brick house two doors below the bridge, where they will Receive and Forward GOODS, IRON, SALT, &c. destined for the West by the Pennsylvania Canal, and for the East, by the Northern Turnpike. By strict attention to business, they hope to merit and receive a share of public favors. Charges for Forwarding and Commission will be moderate.

JAMES SPEER,
MARK GRAHAM.

Blairsville, Oct. 27—tf.

REMOVAL.

DOCTOR E. C. S. SUGG,

SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,

(From London, and recently of Baltimore,)

HAS Removed from his residence in Irwin street, to No. 57 Liberty street, corner of Virgin alley, *(the house lately occupied by [illegible]tor J. S. Irwin,)* where he continues the practice of his profession, in all its various branches. Dr. S. will keep for sale a choice assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES, DYE-STUFFS, PAINTS, &c. Also, Family Medicines of his own compounding and selection. April 22—tf

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☞ *Building Materials and Workmen*

WANTED.

PROPOSALS will be received, by the Commissioners of the Western Penitentiary, on or before Friday, the 5th inst., for supplying the following quantity and kinds of building materials.

BRICKS.

100 thousand good, hard, well burnt bricks.

STONE.

2 thousand perches of select building stone.

LIME.

5 thousand bushels of well wood burnt stone lime.

SAND.

20 thousand bushels of good, clean river sand.

LUMBER.

50 thousand feet inch measure of two inch white oak plank;

25 thousand feet inch measure 3 by 5 inch white oak scantling;

30 thousand feet, inch measure, of common white pine sap boards;

5 hundred common rafters, 27 feet long, 3 by 5 inches, of white pine or hemlock;

100 thousand common white pine shingles;

20 thousand common four feet plastering lathe;

15 thousand feet, inch measure, of two inch common hemlock, or white pine plank.

CAST IRON.

240 thousand pounds of door jambs, sky lights, ventillators, breckets, water pipes, &c., as per patterns and drawings.

WROUGHT IRON.

200 plates of ¼ inch boiler iron, 2 by 5 feet; 20 tons of bar iron, as per bill of dimensions.

WORKMEN.

A few first rate bricklayers and masons are wanted, to whom good wages and constant employment will be given, on being found competent. Also, a Blacksmith, of ability and industry.

Any information may be obtained of the subscriber, at the Prison, or Exchange Hotel.

JOHN HAVILAND, Architect.

☞ The Mercury and Advocate will insert the above until forbidden. April 2—tf

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THOMAS ANDERSON & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,

LOUISVILLE, Ky.

Refer to M'Kee, Clarke & Co. }
Jas. Adams, Jr. & Co. } Pittsburgh.
Hamilton Stewart, }

STORAGE & FORWARDING.—Thomas Anderson & Co. have extensive warehouses, and are prepared to Receive and Forward Merchandise, in any direction required

may 14, 1830.—tf.

SATIN BEAVER HAT MANUFACTORY,

NO. 6 ST. CLAIR STREET,

PITTSBURGH.

WILSON & SMITH, from N. York,

RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Pittsburgh and the neighboring towns, that they have commenced the manufacture of the above beautiful and elegant article, so much admired and worn throughout Europe, and the principal cities in the United States.

W. & S. beg leave to observe, that, after various experiments, they have at last succeeded in bringing this Hat to the highest state of perfection, and they can assert, with confidence, that in point of color, lightness, elasticity, durability, and general beauty of appearance, they cannot be surpassed by the most expensive Hat that is made. Gentlemen are invited to call and examine them, and judge for themselves.

Wholesale Dealers supplied at the same prices as in the New York markets.

April 23—1y

ABSCONDED from the Clinton Paper Mill, Steubenville, ABRAHAM WILLARD, an indented apprentice to Henry Holdship & Son.

All persons are cautioned against employing, harboring, or trusting him, as we will pay no debts of his contracting.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON.

June 21, 1833.

OFFICE

FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF GOLD, SILVER, AND NOTES.

WANTED, AT HIGH PREMIUMS,

American Gold,	Guineas,
Sovereigns,	Ducats,
Doubloons,	Napoleons,
Guilders,	Len Thalers,
Louisd'ors,	Johannes.

Every description of Bank Note Paper discounted at the lowest rates:

Drafts and Notes of hand collected:

Interest allowed on Special Deposits:

Certificates issued payable in 30, 60, or 70 days after date, with interest.

GEORGE A. COOK,
Oct. 23 Exchange Broker.

DOMESTIC CLOTH HALL,

No. 72 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

HAMILTON STEWART,

MANUFACTURER OF

Linen and Cotton Goods,

WHICH he offers for sale at eastern manufacturers' prices, without any addition of carriage, at 3, 4, or 6 months acceptances.

N. B.—Five per cent. discount on all orders exceeding $100. march 19—tf.

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm of *Towne & Gazzam*, is this day dissolved by mutual consent; those indebted are requested to make payment to A. H. Gazzam, who is authorised to settle the business of the firm, and those having claims will present the same to him for adjustment and payment.

JOHN TOWNE.

Mobile, may 15, 1831. [June 3.—tf.]

CITY AUCTION ROOM,

NO. 41 WOOD STREET,

Opposite the Pittsburgh Hotel.

P. M'KENNA, *Auctioneer*, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he is now prepared, at the above establishment, to discharge the duties of his office, and hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage. ☞ Regular days of Public Sales, every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 10, A. M. and 2, P. M.; and Evening Sales on TUESDAY and FRIDAY of each week.

Pittsburgh, November 5, 1830 tf.

TO RENT,

THE Two Three Story Brick Stores, erected by the subscriber, in Wood street, on Sturgeon's Lots. Possession given on the first of April. Apply to GEORGE A. COOK,

March 22. No. 68, Wood street, Pittsburgh.

MILL AND CROSS-CUT SAWS.

THE Subscriber has the satisfaction to say to the public, and his friends, that he has connected with his other business, the manufactury of Mill and Cross Cut Saws; and can furnish supplies to merchants and others: he believes them to be equal to any ever used in the western country—the experience of the workmen employed, with the known good qualities of the steel, justifies him in warranting the article to any who may be disposed to patronize western industry.

Z. PACKARD.

Northern Liberties, Pittsburgh, } tf
December 9, 1831. }

The undersigned, agent for the Point Saw Mill, in Pittsburgh, takes pleasure in saying, that the Mill Saws, made by Z. Packard, and which are now in use, in his mill, are equal, if not superior, to any he has ever used.

ISAAC WICKERSHAM, Ag't.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 21, 1831.

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14 HHDS. N. ORLEANS SUGAR—received per Steam Boat Envoy, and for sale by JAMES IRWIN,

Corner of Market and Water streets.

Pittsburgh, June 7, 1833.—tf

FOR SALE.

A NUMBER of valuable BUILDING LOTS in the vicinity of this city, part of the estate of Dr. George Stevenson, late of Wilmington, (Del.) deceased. For terms apply to the subscribers. W. M'KNIGHT,
HARMAR DENNY,
J. SNYDER,

Pittsburgh, Nov. 3, 1829—tf. *Executors.*

A CARD.

DOCTOR HEWETSON, Licentiate of the Royal College of Edinburgh, has commenced the practice of Physic and Surgery, in this city. Office in Fourth street, next door to the Museum.

☞ Advice given gratis, to the Poor, from 8 to 10 o'clock on Tuesday and Friday mornings.

July 19, 1833—6w

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE

IN ALLEGHENY TOWN.

THE Subscriber wishes to sell a number of building lots, handsomly situated, being bounded by Ohio street, Sandusky street, and Gay alley.

The terms of payment will be made known, and a plan of the lots shown to any person, on application to the subscriber, living in Allegheny town, or to Mr. John Irwin, at his Rope Warehouse, corner of Liberty and Fourth streets, in Pittsburgh. ALEXANDER SEMPLE.

Pittsburgh, April 20, 1832.—tf

NOTICE.—*John Hannen* has taken his son-in law, *John E. Park*, into partnership with him in the Drug business, and in the manufacturing of white lead; and all their transactions will be done under the firm of JOHN HANNEN & CO. All persons indebted to John Hannen, are required to make payment without delay.

January 21.

DOCTOR ROBERT'S

☞ *WELCH MEDICAMENTUM.* ☜

FOR the cure of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Cholic, Fever and Ague, Dysentery, Headach, Loss of Appetite, Flatulence, Hypochondria, Hysterics, Dropsical Complaints, and Heartburn, It also prevents all Bilious disorders, and removes habitual Costiveness, Asthma, Strangury, Gravel, Rheumatism, Gout, and Impurities of the Blood.

A person who uses this Medicamentum will not require the use of the lancet, or any means of the healing art. It restores and revives the animal spirits, invigorates the system, removes nervous tremors, obtunds rheumatic and anthritic pains, and prevents their return. It cleanses the stomach of all morbid humors, which cause indigestion, acidities, headach, and lowness of spirits; cures all bilious disorders, and all cholics of the stomach and bowels, almost immediately; inspires cheerfulness; gives comfort to the dropsical; takes away palpitation of the heart; gives circulation to the blood; restores bloom to the sallow or sickly cheek, and plumpness to the meagre habit; purges without pain, and banishes all cause of fever of every kind. It acts on the stomach, that great reservoir of the human system, a diseased state of which causes all diseases. No alteration in the usual habits of life is required, but the abstaining from distilled ardent spirits.

CERTIFICATE,

From Rev. Derick Lansing, D. D., Pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church in Utica.

Utica, Jan. 6, 1830.

To Dr. Hitchcock.—Dear Sir: I have always been one of the number of those who have placed little confidence in *nostrums* or *specifics*, and for this reason, although I saw your advertisement of the Welch Medicamentum, I could not bring my mind to consent to use it. My sufferings, from indigestion, during the past summer, were so severe, as materially to affect my comfort, and my capacity for usefulness. I have reason to thank you, sir, that, on hearing of the state of my health, you kindly sent me your Medicamentum. I have taken it faithfully, and with entire success. I have not been visited with one of those turns of distress, which before were weekly periodical, since I began to take your valuable medicine. Could I receive the same relief which I have hitherto experienced, on condition of taking it for life, I should cheerfully comply with such condition. Your's, very truly, D. C. LANSING.

☞ Sold by THOMPSON & MILLER, at their Drug Warehouse, No. 81 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Nov. 26 tf.

Receiving & Forwarding House,

NEW ORLEANS

THE SUBSCRIBER begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has established himself in NEW ORLEANS, for the purpose of attending exclusively to the Receiving and Forwarding of Merchandise; and feels confident, from his experience in business, and determination of adopting well regulated and moderate charges, of giving satisfaction to those who may entrust their business to his care. WM. BUCHANAN.

Refer to Messrs. Allen & Grant, Riddle, Forsyth & Co., or M'Kee, Clarke & Co. Pittsburgh.

October 26, 1830—tf.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN. That the Notes, Book Accounts, and all other property of Robert Patterson and J. H. Lambdin, late Stationers and Paper Manufacturers, trading under the firm of R. Patterson & Lambdin, have been assigned to the subscribers this day, for the benefit of creditors.

HENRY HOLDSHIP,
C. ANSHUTZ,
MARTIN RAHM.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 22, 1823—tf

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25 HHDS. N. O. Sugar;
30 bbls. Molasses;
75 Bales Tennessee & Alabama Cotton;
200 bbls. Loaf Sugar;
40 do. Tar;
12 bbls. Sweet Malaga Wine;
1200 Tennessee Blooms;

In store, and for sale, by RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.

Dec. 25.—tf.

Kensington Rolling Mill.

S. & R. LEONARD have associated with them A. M'N. SEMPLE. The business in future will be conducted under the firm o LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD; at the above place, on the Monongahela River, above Suke's Run.

The agency of W. H. Hays is discontinued.

LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD intend making and constantly keeping on hand the following kinds of IRON, of the neatest and best quality, which they offer on accommodating terms:

1d. 2d. 3d. 4d. 5d. 6d. 8d. and 10d- Hoop,
Round and Square, from 1-4 in. to 3, in.
Nail, Chain, Deck, and Spike Rods,
Tire and Flat Iron,—all sizes.

Pittsburgh, may 21, 1829—tf.

NOTICE.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of Thompson & Miller, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to said firm are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present the same for settlement.

ROBERT THOMPSON,
THOMAS MILLER.

Jan. 1st, 1833.

The business will be continued, in future, by Robert Thompson & John Scott, Jr., under the firm of

THOMPSON & SCOTT,

At the old stand, No. 81 Wood, between Fourth street and Diamond alley, where will be constantly kept a general and choice assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs, &c. &c.

☞ The subscriber, on retiring from the above firm of Thompson & Miller, takes pleasure in recommending his successors, Thompson & Scott, to the patronage of the old customers, and the public generally.

THOMAS MILLER.

Feb. 19, 1833.—tf.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE Partnership formerly existing between the Subscribers, under the name and firm of S. C. BEVER & CO., was dissolved, by mutual consent, on the 5th instant.

All persons who are indebted to said firm are requested to make immediate payment to C. Bever, who is duly authorized to receive and receipt for the same; and all persons having claims against said firm, are requested to present the same to S. C. Bever. S. C. BEVER,
WILLIAM EBERHART.

☞ The business will, hereafter, be carried on by the Subscribers, under the firm of BEVER & WOLTZ, who solicit a share of the public patronage and custom.

S. C. BEVER,
G. B. WOLTZ,

Brownsville, July 12, 1833.—tf

Notice to Creditors, &c.

SAMUEL STEVENSON, of the city of Pittsburgh, Merchant, having assigned all his Goods, Merchandise, Accounts, and Effects to the subscribers, in trust, for the benefit of his creditors, as named in his deed of Assignment. All persons indebted to him are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned; and those having claims against him, will present them for settlement.

WILLIAM BELL, Jr.
JOHN ALEXANDER,
THOMAS STEVENSON.

August 14—tf

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE Bank of Pittsburgh offers for sale the following valuable property in this city viz:—ALL that piece of ground, situated on the north side of Diamond Alley, between Wood and Smithfield Streets, containing in front on Diamond Alley fifteen feet, and extending back half way to Fifth Street, on which is erected a two story brick dwelling house, with back bnildings, now occupied by Copernicus Walters.

Also, That piece of ground, situated on Third street, between Wood street and Hay Scale Alley, containing in front upon Third street about twenty feet, and extending back along said alley about eighty-five feet; on which are erected one two story brick dwelling and back buildings.

Also, All that tract of Land, situated on Turtle Creek, commonly called "Dirty Camp."

For terms apply to the CASHIER

January 22, 1830.—tf

TO COMMISSION MERCHANTS

SYLVESTER has on hand, at manufacturers' prices, an extensive assortment of

Cap Writing Paper, Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4;
Letter do do 1, 2, and 3;
Printing Paper, of all sizes and qualities;
Tea and Wrapping Paper, at manufacturers' prices;

Rags, Tanners' Scraps, and Scutching Tow, taken in exchange for Paper, or Cash will be given, when required, at S. J. SYLVESTER'S,

Late H. Holdship & Son, corner of Wood and Third streets. April 2.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—*John S. Riddle*, (late of the house of Riddle, Forsyth & Co. Pittsburgh,) has formed a connexion with *Washington Jackson*, of Philadelphia. The house will be conducted under the firm of

Washington Jackson & Riddle,

No. 20, South Front street,

PHILADELPHIA.

They will make purchases and effect sales for foreign accounts, and will be pleased to receive consignments of the staples and produce of the west, making liberal advances on all goods addressed to them for sale. January 18—tf

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BRITISH LUSTRE,

For Polishing Stoves & Grates.

THIS LUSTRE, with a little rubbing, will produce a brilliancy highly ornamental; and, when once obtained, may be easily preserved.

For sale by H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co.
March 22—tf No. 42 Market street.

ANTI-DYSPEPTIC ELIXER.

ONE of the most agreeable and efficacious Medicines ever discovered for the permanent cure of those chronic states of derangement of the stomach, constituting that miserable disease called Dyspepsia.

The basis of this Elixer is vegetables, and perfectly innocent in its operation; it destroys that sour state of the stomach, the instant it is taken, and stops the morbid secretion, by giving strength to the muscular fibre of that important organ, by which means the peristaltic motion of the intestines is increased, and the costiveness obviated; a new action is given to the system, which puts an end to a train of distressing nervous sensations.

Another form of the disease in which the Elixer is admirably calculated to relieve, is the decline of fever, where the stomach will not bear the ordinary strengthening medicines indicated in such cases, it has the surprising effect of giving vigor, and restoring the natural secretions of the body, without increasing the febrile state. Not the least danger is to be apprehended from exposure to cold, while under the use of this medicine, nor will it interrupt necessary employment of the patient a single hour.

☞ A number of cases of cures performed by the Anti-Dyspeptic Elixer in the vicinity of Pittsburgh can be given.

For sale by H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co., No. 42 Market street. August 24, 1832.—tf

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E. HALE, SURGEON DENTIST,

HAS removed to the house lately occupied by Mr. Saml. P. Darlington, No. 71 in Fourth street, next door to the corner of Wood st. wher he will be happy to wait upon those who may require his professional services, in all its various branches.

N. B.—For sale, a superior Tooth Powder. Also, J. White's Tooth Ache Drops.

March 10, 1832.—tf

GEO. W. CARPENTER'S

COMPOUND SYRUP OF LIVERWORT,

A SAFE and Valuable Medicine for Coughs, Spitting of Blood, Consumption, and Liver Complaints.

Most of the medicines made use of for the above diseases are of a stimulating nature, composed generally of Resins and Balsams, in alcoholic solutions, which, although sometimes givingt emporary relief, in almost every instance where they are freely used, aggravate the disease, and reduce the strength of the patient.

This article possesses superior advantages over these preparations, its action being of a tonic, invigorating and strengthening nature, thus overcoming the disease by promoting expectoration, and gradully increasing the strength of the patient, and thus, without being attended with any unpleasant effects: it also agrees with the stomach, in a l cases, and is a pleasant medicine to take.

Sold by H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co.
No. 42 Market Street.

Dec. 4, 1832.—tf

CANVASSED HAMS.

JUST received, in superior order, 1000 CANVASSED HAMS—for sale by JAMES ADAMS, Jr. & Co.,

Nov. 13—tf Water street.

PATENT PLANING MACHINE.—The right to use this valuable machine, invented and patented by William Woodworth, and known as Woodworth's Patent Planing Machine, may be obtained on application to the subscriber for the counties of Allegheny, Butler, Beaver, Washington, Green, Fayette, Somerset, Cambria, Indiana, Jefferson, Clearfield, M'Kean, Warren, Venango, Mercer, Crawford, and Erie, in the State of Pennsylvania. That part of Maryland lying west of the Blue Ridge; all that part of Virginia lying west of the Blue Ridge, except the county of Ohio. The whole of the state of Ohio except the counties of Hamilton, Butler, and Montgomery. The whole of the state of Kentucky, except the counties of Jefferson, Boone, Oldham, Gallatin, and Campbell. The whole of Indiana, except the counties of Floyd, Clark, Jefferson, Dearborn, and Switzerland. The whole of the state of Illinois, and the territory of Michigan. Rights to use the machine in that part of the United States, named above, will be sold by the single county or in larger districts. As it is presumed that no one will purchase without seeing the machine at work, a description of it is deemed unnecessary. Should any person, however, wish to purchase, and find it inconvenient to visit the places where it is in operation, a machine will be furnished, warranted to plane, tongue and groove, and bring to an exact width and thickness, a white pine board of 12 feet long, and of any width from 1 to 14 inches, in one minute and ten seconds, or an oak board of the same dimensions in 2 minutes and 10 seconds. Machines may be seen at work in the cities of New Orleans, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and others at the south and east, at Wheeling, Virginia, and at the saw mill of Messrs. Irwin & Herron, in this city.

Persons desiring to purchase will have the certificates of scientific and practical men who have seen it at work, in the different places in which it has been put up, forwarded to them. They give their opinion as to the great value of the invention. state the time they have seen boards dressed by this machine, and describe the quality of the work as compared with that performed by hand labor.

LEONARD CHESTER,
Acting for the Proprietor.

Pittsburgh Hotel, April 19, 1831.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale the farm on which he lives, in Washington county, on Pigeon creek, one mile south of Williamsport, on the Monongahela river, to which there is a perfectly level road. This farm contains near 400 acres, the greater part of which is first rate land. There is on the premises a Brick Dwelling House, a Merchant mill, in good repair, a new saw mill, a stone still house, 35 by 40 feet; a salt works is also in operation, and worked to advantage; about 150 acres of land cleared and under good fence. There is on the premises three small tenements for the accommodation of families. This tract is well timbered, and abounds with stone coal and springs of water, both of the best quality.

To a person wishing to embark in a manufacturing business, and possessing capital, this would be a very desirable situation, having the advantage of both water power from Pigeon creek, and banks of the very best coal near to the works, and easy of access, and its vicinity to so navigable a river, where articles of any kind are so cheaply transported to Pittsburgh.

For further particulars, apply to James P. Stuart, Merchant, Wood street, Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber on the premises.

Dec. 16—tf. ROB'T. M'FARLAND.

To Baltimore and Philadelphia

TRAVELLERS.

THE LINE OF STAGES between Chambersburgh and Baltimore, on the Somerset and Mountpleasant route, has been doubled, and now runs DAILY, (Mondays excepted,) leaving Chambersburgh *at day-light* in the morning, and arriving in Baltimore, early the same evening.

Passengers reach Philadelphia, in this way, the second afternoon, from Chambersburgh, without the loss of any rest; taking the splendid STEAM BOAT LINES, which set out at 6 o'clock in the morning, [via CHESAPEAKE AND DELAWARE CANAL, a work well worth the trip to see.]

REESIDE, Owner.

In all cases where the passengers desire to reach Baltimore in time for the 5 o'clock steam-boat to Philadelphia, they can do so by leaving Chambersburgh at one o'clock in the morning, or immediately after the arrival of the Western Mail Stage. In this way, they arrive in Philadelphia, by eight o'clock the *second morning*, from Chambersburgh.

☞ When a load offers, the stage will run on Mondays. April 23, 1830.—tf.

TYPE FOUNDRY.

HAVING purchased of Mr. Richard Ronaldson, his long established and very extensive Type Foundry, the subscribers have formed a co-partnership for the purpose of continuing said business, and for the convenience of their friends and patrons, have removed their establishment to a more central part of the city. As it is their intention to keep on hand a good assortment of the best type, and to make such additions and improvements as the taste of the trade and the wants of the country require, they flatter themselves that this establishment will merit a large share of patronage. They have now several founts on hand, which can be furnished at a few hours' notice, and are prepared to make founts of all weights and sizes, from Pearl to 22 lines Pica, including a variety of Ornamental Letter. Their assortment of Cuts, Dashes, Brass Rule, and other Ornaments, will be found to be very extensive, of which specimens will be forwarded to Printers as soon as they can be prepared.

Printing Presses of every description, Printing Ink of the most approved qualities, Composing Sticks, Brass and Common Galleys, Chases, Imposing Stones, Cases, Paper and Press Boards, Standing Presses, Furniture, together with a complete assortment of all articles used in a Printing Office, will be kept constantly on hand.

Small founts, suitable for Book Binders, in great variety, may be had when called for.

Orders from all parts in the Union will be promptly and most carefully attended to, and particularly in supplying *sorts* for all founts furnished by their predecessors, Binny & Ronaldson, and Richard Ronaldson.

JOHNSTON & SMITH,
No. 6, George street.

Philad. Feb. 18, 1833.

N. B. A good Washington Super Royal Press, and 3 Standing Presses, in good order—together with several founts of 2d hand type, will be sold low.

Stereotyping, in all its branches, executed by L. Johnson, as heretofore.

March 19.